MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XVII. MILWAUKEE, FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 28, 1860. NUMBER 218.

THE SENTINEL.

Daily, $7;—Tri-Weekly, $4;—Weekly, $1.50
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN,
Publishers and Proprietors.

T. D. JERMAIN.....E. E. BRIGHTMAN

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 28, 1860.

To the Public.

THE SENTINEL, having double the circulation IN THE CITY, and more than treble our of IT, of any other paper here, renders it far the cheapest and most desirable medium in Milwaukee for all classes of Advertisements.

EVERY BUSINESS MAN who consults his own interest, will avail himself of the columns of THE DAILY SENTINEL,—especially when he can do so at the same prices charged by other papers, and secure more than double the advantage of circulation.

This is no boast, but EVERY WORD TRUE.

☞For Telegraph, &c., see Fourth Page...☜

News Digest.

The attendance at the State Fair, at Madison, is very large, the number on the grounds yesterday being estimated at from fifteen to twenty thousand. This Fair is a complete success—both in quantity and quality of articles on exhibition, and pecuniarily.

The Republican Convention at Pittsburgh, yesterday, was the largest assemblage ever convened in Pennsylvania. Speeches were made by Col. CURTIN, Senator WADE, TOM CORWIN, CARL SCHURZ, and others. The wildest enthusiasm prevailed.

Details of the *Anglo-Saxon's* foreign advices, as well as one day later news, by the *Persia*, will be found in our telegraph column. The news from Italy is particularly interesting.

The remnant of WALKER's fillibustering party arrived at New Orleans yesterday.—They report that Gen. Walker was shot on the 12th. SUDLER is still a prisoner.

Senor ALBNAR, the Spanish absconder, recently landed at Key West from an open boat.

Flora Temple attempted to beat *Flying Dutchman's* unparalleled time, on a New York course, yesterday, but failed.

Three persons were suffocated in New York, on Tuesday, while engaged in repairing a still.

Explanatory—A One-Sided Arrangement.

On Wednesday morning, the *Anglo-Saxon* arrived with Liverpool advices to the 14th inst., but as is usually the case when any particularly important commercial news is looked for, the telegraph wires happened to be down between here and somewhere East The evening papers received nothing at all in the shape of a report on that day, and the morning papers did not fare much better. Our readers are, therefore, kept without the news which should have been received on Wednesday, according to the terms of the contract between the press of this city and the Telegraph Co., until this (*Friday*) morning. If it were true that the wires were down, of course we could not blame the Telegraph Co. for the delay, but that was *not* the case. We happen to know that the telegraph was driving an active business all day Wednesday, in the shape of transmitting and receiving private despatches respecting the steamer's news; and we have the further evidence that the wires *were not down*, in the fact that we received our regular despatches from New York and a portion of the steamer's news, which was of no interest to anybody, while the foreign market report was suppressed. If this were of rare occurrence, we should attribute it to some accident, but it has become so frequent as to attract general notice. The inference, therefore is, that the Telegraph Co. are either bribed by speculators to suppress the foreign market reports, or they withhold the news from the press, for the purpose of promoting the private telegraphing business, the necessity of which the publication of the general report would obviate.

But there is no remedy for this evil. The press and people must bear it so long as the telegraph wires connecting us with the East are controlled by dishonest parties. We have to take their despatches at *their own terms*, or else go without any. Even this the press has learned to submit to with all humility; but what we most complain of, is that the monopolists do not so much as abide by the conditions they make for themselves, although they never fail to collect full pay whether they give any value for it or not. Their terms with the press are as arbitrary as the laws of Russia. If they fail to furnish us with the news according to their contract, in the matter of payment no discrimination is made. The press of this city have to pay for what they *do not* get, as well as for what they *do* get. We shall have to pay just as much for the *Anglo Saxon's* news which we publish to-day, as our cotemporary in a more favored locality who had the benefit of it three days ago. If we demur against their way of doing things and appeal to their *contract*, then the telegraph managers very coolly refuse to furnish us with any more despatches until the full amount of their claim is settled. Should we persist in refusing to pay for what we do not get, they not only discontinue sending us despatches, but will not renew them at any future time unless full rates for the whole intervening period are paid. But their despotism over the press does not end here. They even go so far as to regulate the hours of the day during which papers *shall* and *shall not* be issued, so as to prevent them from conflicting in any degree with *their* interests. The morning papers are not allowed to issue an afternoon edition, nor the evening papers an early edition, under pain of being deprived of telegraphic news. The all powerful press is powerless against this tyrannical and thieving monopoly. We submit to their terms because we have no alternative; but we wish our readers to bear in mind that whenever, as yesterday, they find a meagre supply of news in our telegraph columns, the fault is not ours.

The Chicago *Press & Tribune* of yesterday has the following remarks touching this subject:

"Yesterday the wheat market was kept in an unsettled and excited state, because of a very serious discrepancy in the despatches regarding the Liverpool markets brought by the *Anglo-Saxon*. In the early part of the day private despatches were received quoting a decline of 6d. on wheat and 1s. on flour; but in the afternoon the published despatches reported "wheat firm at full prices," without, however, giving quotations. We were in hopes that the Associated Press would have supplied us with fuller information in the evening despatches; but up to the time of going to press nothing more definite was received. They are voluminous concerning the movements of the Prince of Wales and other matters of but little real importance to this community; but terribly meagre and unsatisfactory about these matters which more or less concern every man, woman and child in the country"

FOR LINCOLN.—JOHN BRANDT, one of the most influential of the hitherto German Democrats, of Elmira, N. Y., has renounced DOUGLAS and goes LINCOLN. The fusion with the Know-Nothings settled him.

ROSCIUS W. JUDSON, Esq., a prominent lawyer of Ogdensburgh, N. Y., and a gentleman of capacity, wealth and integrity, has left the Democratic party, and is addressing meetings in St. Lawrence County.

MEAN MEN.—When Sin entered the world one of its first fruits was a mean man, and that man's descendants have obeyed but one divine injunction, viz: To increase and multiply, and cover the face of the earth.

Misanthropy does'nt suggest this. It is the result of observation.

Perhaps your idea of meanness differs from ours—possibly—but highly improbable All that part of mankind who are not absolutely "mean" themselves, have a uniform idea of what the trouble is with their neighbors. "A" is a delightful fellow, but sordid, slightly. "B" is eminent, but avaricious. "C" is beloved, but is so abominably thin skinned, that one-half the moral philosophers who come in contact with him fail to discover any human cuticle at all—and so on, all are mean men.

Men have a right to be mean in this free and enlightened country. It is one of the unalienable rights of the corpulent old Respectability to die rich and leave his own relations in want, because a mystical Theological Institute wanted an endowment.—The popular cant of "Widows and Orphans" ought to be disregarded by men who hav'n't the sensibility or the patience to listen to it. Poverty was created by an all-wise Providence, to be snubbed by Mammon. Nothing was created in vain, and mean men fulfil their destiny.

It is useless to talk of melting the heart of a mean man, a flaming sword wouldn't affect it unless the sword happen to be of gold. Friendship, charity, brotherly love and all those sentimentalities are set up in their minds as so many plaster cherubs which belong to another world, and are never to be admired but as men admire sunlight, for the use we can make of it.

Your A. No. 1 mean man takes dinner with his best friend, drinks his wine, is the most intimate companionable fellow in the world, and then forecloses a mortgage upon him. If the victim intimates that friendship should have influenced him to an extension of time, the mean man looks unergetic and prompt out of the corners of his eyes and says "business sir, is business! and friendship is another thing."

A. No. I mean men are splendid studies for contemplative *virtuosos*, but like beautiful serpents the most of them ought to be caged about with iron before the study is commences.

The Governor of Missouri for Breckinridge—The South True to Slavery.

GOV. CLAIBORNE F. JACKSON, just elected Governor of Missouri, while a candidate pretended to be for DOUGLAS—in fact ran on the DOUGLAS ticket, although the platform was a BRECKINRIDGE one. No sooner is he elected, however, than he does as every Southern politician does, when he can do it with safety—that is, proves his devotion to slavery by violating his pledges.

Mr. JACKSON lately made a speech at the Democratic Convention in Jefferson City.—At this Convention, straight out and out BRECKINRIDGE and LANE resolutions were passed. They endorse the Seceders candidate universally. Gov. JACKSON in his speech said he rejoiced at the unanimity with which the resolutions were passed; they accorded with his sentiments; he was ready to defend them whenever assailed, &c., &c. He also said that he differed with Judge DOUGLAS on the Territorial question; that Major BRECKINRIDGE was an honorable man; that he endorsed every resolution of the platform on which BRECKINRIDGE and LANE stand; and that Major BRECKINRIDGE was his preference.

Thus, whenever it comes to the question of slavery, the South will be united to a man upon it, and DOUGLAS will stand no more chance with them than LINCOLN, if they consider him at all unsound upon it. In the present contest there is no possible chance for Mr. DOUGLAS. His running at the North is only helping to elevate BRECKINRIDGE and LANE to the Presidency—And should they be elected Mr. DOUGLAS will stand in the attitude of a rebel in the Democratic party, and a defeated rebel at that.

THE THIRD DISTRICT.—The campaign in the third district is opening gloriously. A correspondent of the Madison *Journal*, in one of the hitherto democratic counties, says: "From present indications SLOAN will have a wonderful vote. He is popular and LARRABEE very unpopular. If the election were to-morrow, SLOAN would have 1,500 majority.

"It is difficult to estimate the result on the presidential ticket. Our county is 500 democratic, but we hear of accessions from the Germans every day. In two towns we expect nearly the entire German vote. We shall 'carry the war into Africa,' and have the country all in a blaze before election.—Our motto is 'Six feet four—LINCOLN and SLOAN.'"

CARL SCHURZ.—The *Press & Tribune* says the following handsome thing of our fellow-townsman, CARL SCHURZ, who is just now doing a noble work for the Republican cause in the Key Stone State:

"The coarseness and vulgarity of the attacks made upon Carl Schurz, by the journals in the service of the pro-slavery party, are evidence enough that his killing expositions of the policy and statesmanship of Douglas, have had their proper effect. In spite of the venom by which he is assailed, Republicans of this country will not be slow to confess that Schurz is one of the foremost men of the nation, whether estimated as an orator or a thinker. He is a philosopher not a whit inferior to Mr. Seward; he is in scholarship the equal of Everett or Sumner. That he loves liberty with his soul, his sufferings for liberty's sake are abundant proof; and that all his hopes are centered in the freedom and prosperity of this country of his choice, all his words and acts attest. Let the pro-slavery men continue their assaults. Their malignity harms him not."

GREAT CONFLAGRATION IN SMYRNA.—7000 HOUSES CONSUMED.—Late advices from Asiatic Turkey announce that a terrible disaster by fire had befallen the city of Smyrna, on the 27th ult. That quarter of the town known as St. Dimitri was laid in ashes.—Over seven hundred houses were consumed and many gardens burned over. The weather had for some time been excessively hot, which rendered all flammable materials an easy prey to the flames, which spread with terrible rapidity. The residents of the ill-fated locality were nearly all Greeks, and chiefly day workmen at various trades.

The cause of the disaster was purely accidental. It is said a woman had lit a candle in honor of the Virgin, and having left it burning, caused the fire.

SAD ACCIDENT AT BELOIT.—On Friday last a child of a Mr. Quinn, some three years old, while playing over a curb of a cistern, lost its balance, fell in and was drowned. A little sister some six years old, got a ladder into the cistern, descended and endeavored to save her drowning brother, but was unable to do so. The dead body was taken out by a neighbor and laid near the door, where the mother encountered it on returning from a short marketing errand, which was her first intelligence of the sad accident.

DURING a recent Wide Awake demonstration in Newark, N. J., a Wide Awake was stabbed in the back by some person in the crowd.

British Harvest Prospects.

From the London Economist.

A period of dry weather, extending now from Thursday the 30th of August, has considerably improved the farmer's prospects, and it is found that though the grain has not this year ripened in due season, still it has ripened, and should we have a dry September, the greater part of our grain crops will be securely gathered into the stack. The harvest, however, is full five weeks later than that of last year, and at least three weeks more backward than in seasons which are not considered early. As is commonly the case where past apprehensions have been partially relieved, opinion goes into the opposite extreme; predictions that the crops will not fall below the average, and statements that they are better than last year's crops are freely hazarded. We availed ourselves of two days at Barnet Fair to compare the statements of farmers and others from different parts of the country with each other, and with our own more limited observation. The general results seem to be these. On the very dry soils, the gravels and the sands, which commonly suffer from want of moisture in ordinary summers, the crops are said to be unusually abundant.—One farmer occupying sandy land in Leicestershire, told us that his corn crop had never been so good, and that his roots exceeded anything he had before been able to grow.—In Bedfordshire, from the reports of occupiers of similar soils, the crops are very good. On chalk and other light soils, of a character less thirsty than we have before referred to, the plant is often thin, and though the ears are full, they are generally short and not thick set as in seasons when we have a happier combination of rain and sunshine than we have experienced during the past spring and summer. On the wide breadths of land which constitute the clays, the strong loams and the innumerable combinations of clay and gravel with tenacious subsoils, and requiring drainage, the crops will be far the most part deficient.

Exceptions there are, where the land has been well drained and is in clean and good condition, and where the wheat will be much superior of that of last year. Then the heavy straw was much laid, and, being followed by extremely hot sunshine, the corn never became completely developed. And this appears certain, the weight per bushel of wheat throughout the country will be heavier than last year's wheat. It appears that the early white wheats, of which large quantities have appeared in Mark Lane, are more sprouted than was generally believed; and it seems that the grain of the wheat crop is considerably riper than the green condition of the straw would indicate; consequently, many farmers began to reap, when, according to ordinary observation, the crop was far too green. This, however, will render it necessary to keep the wheat longer in the field than in ordinary seasons; and the unusual growth of weeds, even on the best farmed land, will also delay the carrying of the crops. A large sheep feeder remarked to us the other day that he had never known so much sheep-feed on the stubbles as there would be this autumn, from our having had a wet autumn, a wet winter and a wet summer in succession.

These circumstances increase the anxiety of farmers for the continuance of the present dry weather. Peas and beans are large crops, though the beans are not corned at all in proportion to the bulk of straw, while peas have remained so long in the field from constant wet, that they are much injured, and much of the crop shed on the ground. As regards roots, the turnips are good on dry land, but on the strong soils there was a difficulty both in preparing the land and afterwards in sowing the seed, while the hoeing of the root crops, even where a plant has been obtained, has been extremely ineffective. Mangold wurtz-l, save on the very dry soil, is very bad, the plants even where clean making little or no progress, so that heavy weights cannot to generally grown this year, though the autumn should prove dry and fine. Where summer fallows are made, the land is in a bad state, no weeds have been killed, and there cannot now be a sufficiently powerful sun to destroy them. If wheat, therefore, is sown on long fallows, it must necessary be very foul.

POWER OF AN ATOM OF POISON.—A young Brazilian student of medicine has just died in Paris, where he recently graduated with honor. He succumbed to the results of a minute dissection wound in the thumb. His preceptors, Velpeau, Chessignac and other eminent physicians, in vain adopted all the expedients that medical science and skill could suggest to stay the malady. Full of ardor and zeal to make the most of his professional opportunities in Paris, the patient insisted on continuing his attendance on the hospitals, and expired the very evening before the day fixed for his return to practice medicine in his native place. The celebrated Dr. Phillips has recently been in danger of his life from a similar cause, and Dr. Lamarchand, formerly a naval surgeon, has just died at Manderneau, (department of Finistere in France,) at the age of forty-eight, in consequence of a puncture with a suture needle, which had lain sometime in a wound made for the removal of a cancerous tumor. Dr. Fullerton gives an instance of a lady inoculating herself by kissing the corpse of her son in-law, while her lips were slightly abraded. She recovered, but a second patient, having died from inoculation in skinning a deceased cow, this celebrated physician was assisted by a medical friend in examining the body. Though no wound was received while conducting their investigations, both surgeons were troubled with a pricking and heated sensation in the hands and arms, followed by a feeling of discomfort and want of appetite for a week afterward. In Australia, sheep, horses, and cows often communicate a similar dangerous and oftentimes fatal disease to the persons employed to prepare their skins for commerce.

A NEW FEVER, lately introduced from Europe, is now raging among our literary dilettanti. Bibliographers style it "illustrating." A single case will illustrate the pathology of the epidemic. A valuable book, generally in quarto or royal octava, is purchased. A list of all persons and places mentioned in the work is carefully made. Autographs and portraits of the persons, and engraved views of the places are then procured, inserted in the proper places, and the whole is afterward elegantly bound.—The engravings, if too small, are either "inlaid" or "mounted"—that is, either set into or pasted upon sheets of the size of the volume. The favorite works for illustration in this country are those relating to American history. The fifty quarto impressions, printed by Mr Putnam, of Irving's Washington were nearly all bought for this purpose. Upon one copy, which we have seen, several hundred dollars have already been expended for autographs, portraits and views, and it is the intention of the owner to so enlarge it with illustrations as to swell the five volumns of the works into twenty. The result of this *furore* has, of course, been the establishment of houses devoted to the sale of matter adapted to the purposes of the illustrator. The only matter of regret to the bibliophile in connection with this subject, is the frequent ruthless destruction of old books to obtain the engravings which they contain. Nothing is more common than for the purchaser of some valuable and costly work to find that one or more portraits have been cut out, undoubtedly for the benefit of some ardent illustrator.

GOODRICH, & JOHNSON Hardware and Household Furniture, 216 East Water St.—Examination will here show an extensive and well selected stock. With one of the parties in the firm we have some three years's acquaintance, and know him to be a prompt, energetic and honorable business man, and of indefatigable industry in his calling. He assures us that no market, east or west can afford better inducements to country purchasers than is offered by their houses.—*Walworth Co. Jour.*

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—On Saturday last, a team was driven over Mrs. Maria Yount, near Hill's Hotel, seriously injuring her. It was supposed that she was fatally hurt, but she is gradually recovering from the effects of the accident Several of her ribs were broken. She is attended by Dr. Ball, at the hotel. Her residence, we learn, is down in the Richland creek timber.—*Monroe (Green Co.) State Rights.*

MEMBERS OF THE GARTHE FAMILY IDENTIFIED.—Two members of the Garthe family lost by the *Lady Elgin* disaster, have been identified: the body of William Garthe, which is buried at Milwaukee and Amanda Garthe, which was recovered at Racine. The friends of the family have gone to Milwaukee to-day, to obtain the remains.—*Chicago Journal, of Wednesday.*

AN OLD MAP, engraved in Venice in the year 1546, fifty-four years after the discovery of America, has been imported from Europe for the Odd Fellows' Library Association of San Francisco.

THE CITY.

Arrival and Departure of Railroad Trains, and Hour of Closing Mails.

MILWAUKEE & CHICAGO.

Depart.	*Arrive.*	*Mails Close.*
10:15 A. M.	1:15 P. M.	9:30 A. M.
3:15 P. M.	12:30 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
6:30 P. M. Mixed train to Chicago.		

Trains on this road leave on Chicago time, which is 15 minutes ahead of Milwaukee time.

LA CROSSE & MILWAUKEE.

7:15 A. M.	2:30 A. M.	9:00 P. M.
1:30 P. M.	2:30 A. M.	12:30 P. M

MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI.

10:45 A. M.	11:45 A. M.	9:30 A.M.
4:00 P. M.	6:00 A. M.	8:15 P.M.
9:00 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	9:00 P.M.

MILWAUKEE & NORTHERN.

1:45 A. M.	9:20 A. M.	9:00 P.M
1:55 P. M.	2:35 P. M.	12:30 P.M.

MILWAUKEE, WATERTOWN & BARABOO VALLEY.

4:15 P. M.	10:40 P. M.	3:30 P.M.

DETROIT & MILWAUKEE.

8:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.	9 P. M.
4:00 P. M.	10:30 P. M.	5 P. M.

Departure of Steamers.

FOR TWO RIVERS.

The steamer *Huron* leaves Olmstedt's dock, every evening at 8 o'clock, for Port Washington, Sheborgan, Manitowoc and Two Rivers.

FOR BUFFALO.

Screw steamers, with good accommodations, leave the different transportation docks every day, for Buffalo.

FOR OSWEGO AND ODDENSBURGH.

One of the Northern Transportation Co's screw propellers sails for the above ports every day, from the Company's dock at the M. & Miss. R. R. depot, touching at nearly all intermediate ports.

FOR COLLINGWOOD.

The Collingwood Line of screw steamers leave semi-weekly from Dousman's dock, foot of East Water Street, connecting at Collingwood with the Northern Railway of Canada, for the East.

FOR GREEN BAY.

The screw steamer *Ogontz* makes weekly trips to the above port starting from Olmsted's dock.

The Weekly Sentinel.

The WEEKLY is now ready containing the great speech of CARL SCHURZ in New York, and a full report of the State Sunday School Convention, held in this city, besides a large amount of interesting news matter and local intelligence.

Copies may be had at the SENTINEL counting-room, ready for mailing.

Orders from the country promptly and properly attended to.

Republicans, Attention!

There will be a meeting of the Republicans of the City, at the Head Quarters, in Albany building, next Friday evening, Sept. 28th, at 7 1-2 o'clock

The Republicans of the City are requested to be in attendance, as important Committees are expected to report.

WINFIELD SMITH, Pres.
M. G. SMITH, Sec'y.

The Seward Demonstration in Chicago.

The greatest political demonstration ever seen in the West, will take place in Chicago next Tuesday, on the arrival of Senator SEWARD. A large delegation of Wide-Awakes will go from Milwaukee, and numbers of Republicans outside of the Club.

No. Five takes the Prize.

By a despatch received last night we are informed the Engine Co. No. 5, of this city, received the first prize at the trial yesterday, at the State Fair.

ACCIDENT ON THE M. & M. R. R.—About six o'clock Wednesday morning, an accident occurred on the Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad, between Genesee and Eagle, which came near proving of a very serious nature, and was somewhat destructive to property as it was. Five cars of the freight train coming in, ran off the track, and were somewhat injured. They were loaded with wheat, and it was necessary to send ont a force of sixty men, to put the wheat into bags, before they could raise the cars to permit other trains to pass. They were delayed till along in the afternoon, and the train due here at noon did not arrive till three o'clock, owing to the accident. No personal injuries were sustained.

FIRST ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE MECHANICAL AND AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.—This will take place next week, commencing on Tuesday. We yesterday paid a visit to the grounds, near the Cold Spring, and found them fenced in with a high and substantial fence, the track graded and rolled as smooth as a parlor floor, two wells, with Wheeler's water drawer attached, a large commodious stand erected over one hundred feet long, and capable of seating twelve hundred persons, and a very tasty two story house receiving the last stroke. Everything is in "apple pie order." The arrangements so far, are superior to those made last year at the State *Fair*, and we unhesitatingly predict a highly successful opening.

PAPER THIEVES.—We are receiving complaints from city subscribers who fail to receive their morning papers occasionally. We have paid especial attention to the engagement of honest carrier boys, and we are satisfied that in most cases where the papers are not found in the morning, that they have been stolen. If the sufferers would provide proper receptacles for them the difficulty would be obviated. Persons who do not recieve the SENTINEL regularly can always obtain their copies at the office.

LADY ELGIN RELIEF FUND.—I hereby acknowledge the receipt of the following additional sums, contributed to the fund for the relief of the sufferers by the *Lady Elgin* disaster:

$79.97 from the Social Turner's Association, of Milwaukee, being the proceeds of a Sacred Concert, given at their hall on the 16th instant.

Also $16,26 from the St. John's German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Milwaukee.

H. L. PAGE, Treas.

HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.—The exhibition of the Horticultural Society, consisting of fruits and flowers, takes place to-day at Albany Hall. The opening will be very fine. A larger and greater variety of specimens we are assured will be exhibited than ever before. Let there be a good turn out to see the exhibition and its usual gathering of ladies.

WE LEARN that the Supreme Court of the State has reversed the decision of Judge MILLER, in relation to the Milwaukee and Horicon Railroad, and that yesterday possession was obtained of the road *vi et armis* from the receiver appointed by the U. S. District Court.

We shall be able to give all the particulars to-morrow.

OYSTERS, OYSTERS.—H. COOK & Co, No. 5, Rees' Block, have on hand constantly a large and fresh supply of Baltimore Oysters. They are doing a good business, which is owing entirely to excellence of the stock. Oysters in the can, keg or shell may be had here, if no where else, to suit the epicures.

TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS REWARD.—It will be seen by an advertisement elsewhere, that the liberal sum of two thousand dollars is offered for the recovery of the bodies of Mrs. and Miss GARTH, of Paris, Ky., who were lost on the *Lady Elgin*.

BANNER PRESENTATION.—It is announced that a presentation of a beautiful banner, to the Wide-Awakes, will take place Saturday evening, at their Head-Quarters, in Albany building.

WALL has a variety of new advertisements this morning about books, furniture, and dry goods; also he wants to purchase a farm near the city. Read what he says.

Extra Trains and Half Fare for the Second.

On the second of October, next Tuesday, the Milwaukee & Chicago R. R. will issue round trip tickets at a single fare, and run an excursion train to Chicago, to accommodate all who wish to attend the great SEWARD demonstration. The train will leave at 7 A. M. Returning, leave Chicago at 11 P. M.

LOCAL NOTICES.

$2,000 Reward!

TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS will be paid ($1,000 for each) for the recovery of the bodies of MRS. GARTH and MISS ANNA GARTH, of Paris, Ky., who were among the victims of the *Lady Elgin* disaster

Mrs. GARTH was five feet five inches in height, sandy hair, four upper front teeth artificial.

Miss ANNA GARTH was five feet four inches in height, light hair, teeth regular and even, lasting gaiters, very small feet.

☞ Full descriptions of both as to dresses and jewelry, are left Dr. DRAKE, of the Tremont House, Chicago; Messrs. JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN, of the *Sentinel*, at Milwaukee; and C. H. UPHAM, City Clerk, at Racine Wis. sept28d2w

WANTED.

A steady, industrious girl, to do the work of a small family. Must be a good cook, washer and ironer, and come well recommended. To such a one good wages will be paid. Apply Northeast corner of Second and Sycamore Sts., Fourth Ward. sept27k13d1w

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

Notice is hereby given that a Republican County Convention will be held at the Court House, in the city of Milwaukee, on Wednesday, the THIRD DAY OF OCTOBER, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the different county offices, to be supported at the November election. Each town and ward will be entitled to three delegates in said County Convention.

By the County Committee.

CARL EDWARD HARTMANN,
J. G. TRENTLAGE,
JOHN BOYD,
A. RORICK, Wauwatosa,
ISAAC NEUSTADTL,
C. TYRE,
H. J. MATHEWS,
SIMEON BABCOCK,
WILLIAM BROWN, Jr.,
CARL OLSON.

MILWAUKEE, September 15, 1860.

To the Republicans of Milwaukee County.

The Republicans of the several Wards and Towns of Milwaukee County, are hereby requested to hold primary meetings on Saturday, September 29th, in order to elect three delegates for each Ward or Town to the Republican County Convention, to be held on the 3d day of October.

BY ORDER OF THE REP. COUNTY COMMITTEE.

First Ward Republican Caucus.

There will be a meeting of the Republicans of the First Ward, at the saloon of William Bielfield, on Ogden Street, on Friday evening, Sept. 28, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of electing three Delegates to represent the First Ward in the Republican County Convention, on the 3rd of October next.

PER ORDER.

Evening papers please copy.

Second Ward Republican Caucus.

The Republicans of this Ward are requested to meet on Saturday night at 7½ o'clock, at Kortmen's Saloon, Fourth Street, between Prairie and Tamarack Sts., in order to elect Delegates to the County Convention to be held on the 3d of October next.

THE WARD COMMITTEE.

☞ *Free Democrat* and *Wisconsin* please copy.

Third Ward Republican Caucus.

There will be a meeting of the Republicans of the Third Ward, at Steyer's Hall, Main Street, on Friday evening, Sept. 28th, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of electing three Delegates to the County Convention, to be held at the Court House on Wednesday next. Polls open from 7½ to 9 o'clock P. M.

T. B. KEMP,
G. J. HAYWARD,
P. LAWRENCE,
Ward Committee.

Republican papers please copy.

Fifth Ward Republican Caucus.

The Republicans of the Fifth Ward are requested to meet at the Hall of HERMAN TOSSA, corner of Reed ad J Florida Streets, on Saturday, Sept 29th, at 7 P. M., for the purpose of electing three Delegates to the County Convention to be held in this City on the 3d of October next. By order of the

WARD COMMITTEE.

Eighth Ward Republican Caucus.

There will be a caucus held at the house of GEORGE ATTACHER, on Elizabeth street, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 2d, from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M., to elect three Delegates to the Republican County Convention to be held on Oct. 3d at 1 P. M., in the Court House.

The citizens of the Ward are invited to attend, and select Delegates who will help to nominate the right and fitmen for the several offices.

J. S. TRENTLAGE,
GEO. BURNHAM,
S. REFT.
Ward Committee.

☞ *Free Democrat* and *Wisconsin* please copy.

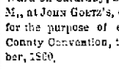
Ninth Ward Republican Caucus.

A Republican Caucus will be held in the Ninth Ward on Saturday, Sept 29th, 1860, at 7½ o'clock P. M., at JOHN GOETZ's, corner of Twelfth and Vliet Sts., for the purpose of electing three Delegates to the County Convention, to be held on the next 3d of October, 1860.

THE WARD COMMITTEE.

☞ Evening papers please copy.

REUNION.



MINER & FARIES have again formed a partnership for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches.

Office No. 21 Wisconsin Street. G. B. MINER,
R. J. FARIES.

Milwaukee Feb. 18th, 1860. feb18j21tdawlyist2p

ALLIS & McGREGOR,

LAND, LOAN & INSURANCE AGENTS,
OFFICE UNDER STATE BANK.
HON. E. ALLIS. JOHN P. MCGREGOR.

SAML. I. BRIDGE,

Real Estate Agent,
MONEY AND INSURANCE BROKER,
Under Newhall House Michigan St.

CITY AND COUNTRY PROPERTY bought, sold and exchanged. Taxes paid. Abstracts of title furnished. Notes, Mortgages, Stocks and other Securities negotiated. Loans obtained.

MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE effected in the best companies at lowest rates.

CITY AND COUNTY ORDERS bought and sold.

LAND WARRANTS constantly on hand.

CAPITALISTS desiring to find profitable investments are invited to call. Letters of enquiry will have prompt attention.

my21j702dly SAML. I. BRIDGE.

SEND YOUR MAGAZINES, &C., TO THE SENTINEL BOOK BINDERY,

AND HAVE THEM BOUND.

☞ The Cost will be Trifling. 28

☞ Good! What enjoyment there is in taking tea at a friend's house, if, when you take your seat at the table with other invited guests, there appears no cloud of vexation and disappointment upon the ordinarily pleasant face of the hostess, as her eyes rest upon the heaping plates of biscuit, dishes of cake, pastry, &c. If DE LAND & Co.'s Saleratus has been used in preparing these articles, no time is consumed in making apologies for poor biscuit, &c., and the conversation takes at once a pleasant turn, the tea is drunk, the biscuit eaten, and the lady complimented upon her success in the kitchen, while she gives the credit where it is due, to the perfectly pure and always reliable Saleratus manufactured by D. B. DE LAND & Co., at Fairport, Monroe Co., N. Y. This Saleratus is for sale by the grocers and storekeepers throughout the country. Sold at wholesale by the principal grocers and dealers in the large towns.

aug16j071dawe60m

☞ A large portion of the American people are wholly unaware of the deleterious effects incident to the use of common Saleratus, thereby producing disease, and destroying health. The highest perfection of art has been attained in the manufacture of Herrick Allen's Gold Medal Saleratus. Use one paper, and you will never have any other. It is a great ways ahead of soda to use with cream tartar. Try it For sale by most of the Grocers and Druggists.

At wholesale by LITTELL & BAKER, DUTCHER, SEXTON & Co., and JOHN DAHLMAN & Co. my22j70d

E. TOWNSEND MIX,

ARCHITECT.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FURNISHED, and Buildings superintended on reasonable terms. Office on corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets, in Ludington's Block.
jan21e253dly

Western Union and Wisconsin State Telegraph

Office—Free Democrat Block, Milwaukee.

CONNECTIONS with all lines East. The Wisconsin State Lines run from Milwaukee to La Crosse, Fond du Lac and Waupun, on railroad routes. Also, from Milwaukee to Janesville, Madison, Watertown and Prairie du Chien. Stations at all important intermediate points.

☞ Office hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

my1st29dtf-1stpp A. WELLER, Agent.

READER, have you seen Professor WOOD's advertisement in our paper? Read it; it will interest you.

Forwarding & Commission.

VANDERCOOK & NORTON,

GENERAL
Produce & Commission Merchants,
NO. 346 THIRD STREET,
(Two doors north of La Crosse Pass. Depot.)
Milwaukee, - - Wisconsin.

☞ Consignments solicited. Liberal advances made. sept7k72d6m

ANGUS, SMITH & CO.

STORAGE, FORWARDING
And Commission Merchants,
PROPRIETOR OF THE LARGE ELEVATOR Warehouse at the terminus of the Milwaukee & Mississippi, and the Milwaukee, Watertown & Baraboo Valley Railroads. Liberal advance made on property in store, or for shipments to eastern markets. oct22k258dly

KELLOGG & STRONG,

Storage, Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS.

PROPRIETORS OF THE FIRE-PROOF brick Warehouse and Elevator, South Water street, at the terminus of the Lake Shore Rail Road, which connects with the Racine & Mississippi R. R. terminating at Freeport, Ill.

Having completed all their arrangements for receiving grain in bulk, shipped on the above roads or their connections, are prepared to store all kinds of grain on the most reasonable terms, making liberal cash advances when required.

Orders for the purchase of all kinds of produce, either by the cargo or otherwise, respectfully solicited.
ap... aug18d87dtf

G. & J. L. BURNHAM,

STORAGE AND COMMISSION
BURNHAM'S BRICK WAREHOUSE,
West Water Street, Milwaukee.
Liberal advances made on all kinds of Produce in Store.
GEO. BURNHAM, - - J. L. BURNHAM.
dec10d84dly

JAMES KEELER. JOHN P. WILLARD

KEELER & WILLARD,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Office 233 West Water Street,
MILWAUKEE.

CASH ADVANCES MADE UPON PROPERTY IN STORE OR CONSIGNED TO

Sawyer, Wallace & Co., New York.

REFERENCES.

Marshall & Ilsley, Mil; Alex. Mitchell, Mil; Geo. B. Walker, Mil; State Bank, Madison; Columbia Co. Bk, Portage; Underwood & Co. Chicago; Ed. Tinker & Co., Hubbard & Hunt, do; Hopkins & Co., Buffalo. nov12d82dlythpr

Winslow, Lanier & Co., N. York; Sawyer, Wallace & Co., do; Farmers Bank, Troy, N. Y.; Hiram Slocum, Troy, N. Y.; Russell cage, Troy N. Y.; Cushman, Spence & Co., Boston.

MACK BROTHERS

HAVING

Closed their Store this Day!

WILL OPEN TO-MORROW,

THURSDAY MORNING,

WITH A

NEW AND SPLENDID STOCK

OF

Fall and Winter Goods

AT

NEW YORK AND BOSTON PRICES.

☞ *Wisconsin copy.*

JUST RECEIVED.

A FULL AND
COMPLETE
ASSORTMENT
OF
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES and
VESTINGS,
FOR THE
CUSTOM TRADE
ALSO,
A New Stock of
Gents' Furnishing Goods!!

REMEMBER THAT
Mr. E. L. WOODS,
THE FAVORITE ARTIST,
IS AT
DUTTON'S,
23 WISCONSIN STREET,
sept21k121dly

Great Saving in Gas!

FROM
30 to 35 Per cent Economy Warranted
TO CONSUMERS.

MR. PETER FONTAIN, OWNER OF the Patent in all United States of America for

GAS REGULATOR AND PURIFYER,

having sold that patent for the State of Wisconsin and transferred all his rights upon that State to MR. LOUIS MEUGEL, inhabitant of Milwaukee, all persons desirous of having that Regulator can do so by addressing MEUGEL & CO. No. 368 Neukirch Blocks. They will have all warrants they may desire. L. MEUGEL & CO.

CITY LAND OFFICE.

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS IN CASH and six hundred and forty acres of Land entered five years ago and well selected, free from all incumbrance, will be exchanged for Stock of Dry Goods of Four Thousand Dollars Apply to my office, near corner of Main and Wisconsin Sts. CALEB WALL.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING MADE an assignment, hereby notifies all parties interested. M. ROTT & CO.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The undersigned have this day dissolved partnership, by mutual consent, and Mr. EDGAR FOX is authorized to settle all outstanding accounts.
[Signed.] MICHAEL ROTT,
FREDERIC ROTT,
CHAS. G. WEIDMAN.
Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 25, 1860.

THE SENTINEL.

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY & WEEKLY

RUFUS KING, EDITOR

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 28, 1860.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

AT LARGE:

WALTER D. McINDOE, of Marathon.
BRADFORD RIKFORD, of Winnebago.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:
W. W. VAUGHAN, of Racine.

SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:
J. ALLEN BARBER, of Grant.

THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT:
M. LINDEMAN, of Jefferson.

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT,
JOHN F. POTTER.

SECOND DISTRICT,
LUTHER HANCHETT.

THIRD DISTRICT.
A. SCOTT SLOAN.

Third District—Judge Sloan's Appointments.

Judge SLOAN, the Republican candidate for Congress in the Third District, requests us to announce that he will address the people of that district at the following places, on the days named.

Lodi, Monday, Oct. 1st.
Portage City, Tuesday, Oct. 2d.
Oxford, Wednesday, Oct. 3d.
Harrisville, Thursday, Oct. 4th.
Wautoma, Friday, Oct. 5th.
Waupaca, Monday, Oct. 8th.
New London, Tuesday, Oct. 9th.

Further appointments, up to the election, will be announced in a few days. The meetings are to take place in the evening, unless otherwise specified.

Appointments of Hon. A. B. Jackson.

Hon. A. B. JACKSON, of Appleton, will address the people of the Third Congressional District, as follows:

Juneau,	Monday,	September 24
Watertown,	Tuesday,	" 25
Jefferson	Wednesday,	" 26
Fort Atkinson,	Thursday,	" 27
Mayville,	Friday,	" 28
Hartford,	Saturday,	" 29
West Bend,	Monday,	October 1
Kewaskum,	Tuesday,	" 2
Newburg,	Wednesday,	" 3
Cascade,	Thursday,	" 4
Plymouth,	Friday,	" 5
Sheboygan Falls,	Saturday,	" 6
Sheboygan,	Monday,	" 7
Manitowoc,	Tuesday,	" 9

Immediate notice of these appointments should be given by the Republican clubs at the several places designated.

Appointments of I. Goddings.

I. GODDINGS, of Illinois, will address the people of Wisconsin on the political questions of the day, as follows:

Waukau,	Thursday,	Sept. 27
Princeton,	Friday,	" 28
Montello,	Saturday,	" 29
Harrisville,	Monday,	October 1
Westfield,	Tuesday,	" 2
Oxford,	Wednesday,	" 3
Packwaukee,	Thursday,	" 4
Kilbourn City,	Friday,	" 5
Kingston,	Saturday,	" 6
Berlin,	Monday,	" 8
Omro,	Tuesday,	" 9
Neenah,	Wednesday	" 10
Green Bay,	Thursday,	" 11
"	Friday	" 12
Appleton,	Saturday,	" 13
New London,	Monday,	" 15
Weyauwega,	Tuesday,	" 16
Waupaca,	Wednesday,	" 17
Wautoma,	Thursday,	" 18

Mr. C. is one of the most eloquent and interesting speakers in the West. Let the people be duly notified of these meetings.

MACHINE FOR DOING UP WOOL.—Mr. Jas. Geddes of Fairmount, Cortland Co. N. Y. has contrived an improved machine for doing up wool, which should be made known to wool-growers. An apparatus has for some time been in use consisting of a box or trough, about three feet long, ten inches deep and ten inches wide (on the inside), placed on legs at a convenient height. Near one end is a stationary head or cross-piece, and there is a movable head or cross-piece (attached to a piece of plank sliding in the bottom, and held down by cleets), which is drawn toward the other by a strap and foot-lever. Slits in these cross-pieces allow three strands of wool-twine to be laid along the trough.—These are confined at one end by passing through holes in the bottom of the trough, and at the other by being drawn into sawslits. The fleece is folded on a table to just that point which fits it for the ordinary process of being rolled up by hand, then laid in the trouth, and, by pressure on the lever, squeezed or shoved together to the smallest practicable bulk. In the improvement of Mr. Geddes, instead of attaching the strap which draws forward the movable head to a foot-lever, it is attached to a roller of say, three inches diameter, on an iron shaft, placed under the bottom of the box and forward of the stationary head. A ratchet-wheel and dog holds the movable head when it is drawn. By means of suitable straps and rollers, a backward motion of the crank carries back the movable head, after the fleece is tied up. It requires but very little effort to turn the crank. The machine, for which no patent has been taken, can be made for about $7.

ANECDOTES of the electric telegraph and its uses have had a wide currency since the appearance of Mr. GEORGE B. PRESCOTT'S excellent work on its "History, Theory and Practice." Its tendency to promote a Spartan brevity and decision of speech has been exemplified in the late despatches of some military commanders, who have indeed (since Cæsar's "Veni, vidi, vici,") been adepts at the art of compression. Lord Clyde's telegram after his successful siege, "I am in luck, now," is a fair sample, but even Cæsar yields to Sir Charles Napier, who, after the battle of Meanee, communicates the result in a single word: "Peccavi," i. e., *I have sinn'd* (Scinde.)

DR. LEIDENSTICKER.—An Indiana Douglas orator, made a speech at Laporte a few days since, wherein he informed the audience that if the Republican party succeeded, every man of them would be taxed $5 on every $100 they are worth, for the purpose of buying the slaves of the South and setting them free. It is by such transparent lies as this that the Douglasites hope to elect their stunted demi-god!

A GOOD ONE.—Hon. R. C. SCHENCK made a Republican speech at Columbus on the 21st, in which he made the following capital hit:

"For his part, he did not believe that the Constitution carried slavery in the Territories. It was the Republican doctrine that Congress had the power to keep slavery out of the territories, and ought to do it, that there might be no doubt of their adopting free constitutions. This was the old Whig doctrine, and he was sorry to find old Whigs in the Democratic ranks fighting against it. After the excitement of the campaign was over, and Lincoln was elected, the country was at peace [illegible], and the blessings [illegible] they would [illegible] at Squatter sovereignty and [illegible] sovereignty and [illegible] the very sight—and perhaps expression—of the horror and astonishment of that [illegible] man who vomited, one night, into a basket of goslings, set to keep it warm upon the hearth, and exclaimed, when a light was brought and the goslings discovered, "Good God! wife, when did I swallow *them* things?"

DISEASES OF DOUGLAS.—We find the following catalogue of the diseases which have interfered with the public duties of Mr. DOUGLAS in one of our exchanges:

Where was Douglas when the Homestead Bill passed the Senate?

He had the Gout.

Where was Douglas when tributes of respect were paid to Broderick?

He had the Pleurisy.

Where was Douglas when the Davis resolutions passed the Senate?

He had the Dysentery.

Where was Douglas when the bill for the admission of Kansas came up in the Senate?

He had the Bowel Complaint.

How Douglas Loves Henry Clay—The Proof.

S. A. Douglas and his adherents continue their impudent profession of love for Henry Clay, and old Clay Whigs. In nearly every speech that arrant demagogue makes, he insults the intelligence of his hearers by professing great veneration for the memory of the "patriot Clay," and claims a sympathy and fellowship of feeling and sentiment with the "Old Whigs."

The utter hypocrisy of all his pretence has already been exposed, and so well proven that few of Douglas' friends have dared to defend him. It has been charged and shown that while a candidate for Congress in 1844, in a speech at Carrollton, in Illinois, Douglas denounced Henry Clay as "an old black-hearted Traitor, who had sold himself for British gold." Notwithstanding the recent public declaration of M. D. Woodson, who was the opposing candidate for Congress, and with whom Douglas held a joint discussion at the time referred to, that he (Douglas) did in substance use the vile language towards the great Whig statesman, of which he is charged, a few of the apologists of the Little Dodger still persist in their denials.

But a recent issue of the Carrollton *Press*, *clinches* the charge, and presents testimony to support it that cannot be controverted.—The following certificate from old and respectable citizens from Carrollton will put a stop to all quibbling on the subject, and set all doubts at rest. Let those men who loved Clay while living, and who now pretend to venerate his name, who are now coquetting with the Douglas faction in "fusion" movements read the following:

CARROLLTON, Ill., Sept. 20, 1860.

"The undersigned hereby certify that we were present at a joint discussion between Stephen A. Douglas and D. M. Woodson, opposing candidates for Congress, at Carrollton, in 1844, and that Mr. Douglas, referring to Henry Clay's action and position on the Oregon boundary question, was unsparing in his abuse and denunciation of Clay; using substantially the following language: "I denounced him in the Congress of the United States as a *Traitor*, and I now denounce him as an old BLACK-HEARTED TRAITOR." He also assailed him as being corrupt enough to be bribed with British gold.

"Although the above statements have been the subject of frequent conversation among the old citizens of Carrollton, we have heretofore refrained from coming before the public, (though frequently solicited,) and only do so now because truth seems to demand it, as the statement has been branded as a falsehood by some of the public prints.

DAVID PIERSON,
ISAAC LANDIS,
WM. WINN,
JAS. F. PINKERTON,
ISAAC S. BROWN,
ADAM LEE."

"Those witnesses, who have thus come upon the stand," says the Carrolton *Press*, "will be recognized as among our most respectable citizens; (Mr. Brown being at this time a resident of Pike county, but well known here.) The name of David Pierson is as familiar as a household word all through this portion of Illinois, and is a synonym for integrity and scrupulous regard for truth. Isaac Landis is a venerable minister of the Gospel, and a statement from his lips or pen will not for a moment be questioned by those who know him. Messrs. Winn, Lee, and Pinkerton stand deservedly high in the community, as upright citizens whose words need no endorsement. The testimony of any one of these men would be sufficient to convict Stephen A. Douglas before a jury, of his most gross assault upon the lamented Sage of Ashland, but when there is such an array of proof, who can doubt?"

Any admirer or supporter of Henry Clay who can vote for the man who thus vilely and cruelly slandered that great American Statesman, must be destitute of self-respect or regard for principle, decency or honor, as Douglas himself.

Anti-Larrabee.

From the Fond du Lac Commonwealth.

The following are the famous resolutions which created such a sensation in the Democratic Congressional Convention. We find them in the Chilton *Times*, a Democratic paper published at the home of Mr. Hobart. It is significant that the Larrabee papers have published the proceedings—minus THE resolutions. Our neighbor of the *Press*, not daring to face the music, so published them. They are capital political reading, and hence we print them entire:

Mr. Elwell, of Sheboygan, introduced the following preamble and resolution, which were read to the Convention by the Chairman:—

WHEREAS, It is understood that the Hon. Chas. H. Larrabee, Representative in Congress from this district, is a candidate for renomination before this convention—and, WHEREAS, that said Chas. H. Larrabee, declared, published and circulated in a speech made by him in the House of Representatives, December 19, 1859, the following sentiments, to wit: In speaking of the present National Administration he said: "Sir, I have been astonished to hear gentlemen on this floor, who were Democrats, and who say they are Democrats, charging upon the administration of Mr. Buchanan, (which is myself, that I am reviled, that it is infamous; why, sir, if this is so, I have learned it for the first time. I think I have watched the course of the President as carefully as those men, and although there has been many things that I myself might not subscribe to, yet at the same time, I know the high responsibility of that position, I know that few men can fill it without being surrounded by difficulties; I know that it is the most delicate, the highest and most honorable position that man can fill, and always yield to the President of the United States, the highest possible respect. I contend, these sentiments to-day, for the present occupant of the Executive chair."

In speaking of the subject of Popular Sovereignty in the Territories, he said:

"As an individual and as an American citizen, I would be willing to concede to every Southern man to go into every Territory with his slaves, and hold them there until a State Constitution is formed. These sentiments are those of the present occupant of the Executive chair."

In speaking of the institution of Slavery, he says: "If I lived in a Southern Territory, among Southern men, where slavery existed, I would own slaves myself, and I would not think that I was thereby guilty of a moral wrong."

AND, WHEREAS, It is due to the Democracy of the Third Congressional District, that their views upon these great issues shall not be misunderstood, therefore,

Resolved, That we disapprove of the above sentiments of Mr. Larrabee as expressed in his speech.

Mr. Clark, of Dodge, moved to lay the preamble and resolution on the table; upon which motion Mr. Hobart, of Calumet, called for the ayes and nays, and the resolutions were laid upon the table by a vote of fifty-five to twenty-two.

The following resolution *was* adopted:

Resolved, That the course of Charles H. Larrabee, as the Congressional Representative of this District, has been such as to entitle him to the confidence and support, not only of the party we represent, but the people, and we pledge him our continued friendship, and our efforts towards his re-election.

A PLUCKY GIRL.—At about two o'clock this afternoon the people along King and Pinkney streets were startled by a horse, with a young lady on his back, running at furious speed in the direction of the American House. She had evidently lost control of him, and every one expected to see her dashed to the ground and seriously hurt, if not killed outright. Turning down Washington Avenue, he shot through the crowd of wood wagons and other vehicles, and dashed directly into the livery stable just below the American. A great rush of people immediately filled the stable, fearful that the girl was killed. But with the exception of some rents in her riding dress, she was unhurt. She had kept her seat and seemed perfectly cool and collected. All that troubled her, she declared, during the runaway, was the disarrangement of her dress and the exposure of her person, and she proposed to try the horse again without delay.

It proved to be a fast horse, owned by John D. Welch, that few men care to ride, he is so wild and unmanageable, but which the girl, Miss Ellen Dennison, of this city, had determined to ride at the State Fair. She was practicing with him at Third Lake ridge, near Gov. Farwell's house when she lost control of the bridle and he ran with her to the stable a distance of about a mile. The horse was very much excited, and some of the bystanders attempted to dissuade her from mounting him again. She very coolly replied that "she proposed to ride that horse or die in the attempt." Remounting the horse she rode out in the street, when he acted so badly that Ben Reed got him by the bit, and led him into the stable, where after some stroking down, and "horse talk" his nerves were partially quieted and Miss Dennison rode him away in triumph.

Miss D. is a young lady apparently [illegible] twenty, with a keen black eye, about [illegible] cheeks, and withal very [illegible] and rosy [illegible] as brave as Julius [illegible] pretty, besides [illegible] dollar."—*Madison Democrat.*

ATTACKED BY A BEAR.—Mr. E. E. Boynton [illegible] ishes us an account of a bear fight [illegible] wherein two children of Mr. Jacob B. Nossinger, in the town of Forest, Bad Axe Co., about 25 miles from this place. The account is as follows:

"Mr. Nossinger and his two children, a boy about 9 years of age and a girl about 11, were out in the woods digging ginseng, when the children got separated from their father. Presently Mr. N. heard a scream, and immediately repaired to the spot, where, to his horror, he found his little boy lying on the ground, mangled and bleeding. By him, doing battle with an enormous bear. The bear, which he caught up his boy and started for home. The bear followed, not feeling disposed to lose his prey so easily. Mr. N. succeeded however, in getting his children home. The boy was frightfully torn and otherwise injured, some of the gashes being an inch in width. At last accounts he was doing well, and it was thought he would recover.—*New Lisbon Republican.*

A SHORT TIME AGO a man became so completely "wrapped in thought," that he was filed up, labelled, and sent off on the "train of ideas."

The State Fair—Third Day.

From the Madison Patriot.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 26.—The morning is beautiful, and the grounds present a most attractive and animated appearance. The prospect is that there will be a large attendance during the day, although some fear that many will be kept away by reason of the rates of admission; but it appears that they are the same as those which have been adopted by the New York State Fair Committees for years, only a little more liberal, as exhibitors are allowed six tickets instead of four.

The manufacturers tent is well filled with carriages, stoves, carpets and a large array of articles. We notice some creditable work of Madison manufacturers in the carriage and stove line; Messrs. Bird & Brother exhibit a large assortment of carriages, and Mr. Randolph shows a light and elegant trotting wagon.

Howe's standard scales are to be seen here and attract considerable attention, as also a small brass model of a stationary steam engine, which is working. Patented churns are being examined with interest by groups of ladies, who are interested in the operations of the dairy.

The vegetable tent presents a rich and luxuriant appearance. Monstrous squashes, numerous varieties of potatoes, samples of wheat, Indian corn and other grains, cheese, butter and vegetables of every description are being wondered at by hundreds. The competing counties for the prize banner make splendid shows, and the idea is given that the northern counties possess a rank fertility.

It being 10 o'clock the Fair has been formally opened by a salute of six guns fired by Harry Bingham. A train of cars has just arrived filled with passengers and the numbers on the ground are rapidly increasing. The noise of drums and threshing machines and other machinery is getting louder and the sights and sounds of the fair are beginning in earnest.

The fruit and flower tent presents a rich display of fruits and flowers. The tables are loaded with ruddy apples and purple grapes, and there is no lack of bottles of sparkling wine. Mr. Stevens, of Madison, is a fruit and flower exhibitor, and has some choice samples of grapes and apples, well arranged bequets and a very tasteful and ingenious design. These last were put together by his daughter and evidence remarkable skill. The design represents a lyre standing upright in the centre of the background made of moss and flowers and on the moss foundation there is lettered in migionette "peace and plenty," and near the base of the lyre "1860," while on either side are cornucopias filled with flowers of every hue. This rare piece of work excites general admiration. Messrs. Capron, Towers and Dr. Kennicott, of Illinois, are also exhibitors of grapes and choice flowers. Messrs. Atwood and Cooper of Rock Lake vineyard and nurseries have an extensive show of luscious grapes. This is the most refreshing and odoriferous tent on the ground.

"The Temple of Art" is gaily ornamented with flags, as are the other tents, and the effect is very pretty. In this building there are many handsome specimens of fancy work, Paintings, Engravings and elegant Wood Ware. The click of Sewing Machines is constantly heard, and the music of Pianos and Melodeons is occasionally heard.—Every Sewing Machine was surrounded with groups of ladies, and it did not require a second look to judge that this labor saver, and quick worker, was a favorite. Cases of Fuller's Anbrotypes occupied a prominent position, and were examined by many.

A little beyond this building a small Green House, filled with choice plants, invites an inspection, and affords a treat to florists.

At 11 o'clock, B. R. Hinckley, the President of the Society, arrived at the Speaker's stand accompanied by the other officers.—After music and been given by a band, the President read an appropriate address to a moderate audience, which was seated on seats ranged down the hill which the "Temple of Art" stands on.

The poultry, sheep and cattle pens are well filled, and the display is pronounced an excellent one. The various breeds of sheep and pigs are examined with much interest, and farmers are taking advantage of the opportunity to get some stock. The bulls and cows are numerous, and some of them are splendid specimens. A look at them is only needed to convince us that the Western States are not a whit behind the Eastern, in being favorable to stock of all kinds. The show of horses and oxen is extensive, and on every part of the ground specimens of horseflesh can be seen that would be highly creditable in the choicest exhibitions in the land.

Between 11 and 12 o'clock the moral and melodious tones of Mr. Wierd's Calliope were heard all over the Fair Grounds, and attracted numbers to the building from which they proceeded, and in which is the celebrated Ice Boat. We entered the building and saw Mr. Wierd grinding out the music from the Calliope, by turning a handle round and round, which regulated the steam that is forced upon brass notes. The Ice Boat is elegantly got up, and is handsomely ornamented in the inside. It will undoubtedly distinguish itself next winter on the frozen water of the Mississippi river. Both it and the Calliope should be seen by all, and the admission is only ten cents.

In the operative machinery department, Gavin Serpentine, Fanning Mills and Cider Mills are in operation; while outside are Threshing Machines, Wind Mills for raising water, Harrowing and Plowing implements, Mole Drainers, Broadcast Grain Binder, and every variety of patented machines, suitable to the wants of the agriculturalist.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock much fine stock was driven round the track and attracted crowds who lined the fence all round looking at it.

Near the American House refreshment stand, three cub bears from Pierce county draw a large and constant crowd. They are black and have brown noses, and lookers-on kept them busily engaged in sucking watermelons and standing on their hind legs for more.

We notice plenty of ex-Assemblymen and Senators around, and all are ready to exchange congratulations on the gratifying display of the products of our unrivalled State.

There were probably four thousand people on the grounds this afternoon. The race track was well filled with lively trotting horses, and the bustle of the Fair had begun in earnest. Crowds around stands, on which were exposed watches and jewelry were being urged by the wily keepers to stake 25 cts., and try their chances for getting a watch or some other piece of jewelry equally valuable.

The refreshment stands are well stocked with edibles, and were much resorted to. Some oysters were being opened in a tent this afternoon, and there were some gazers looking at an epicure who was eating them, as if they had never seen any before, and were curious to see them.

A mammoth cheese, the produce of Mr. Robbins' dairy, arrived in the fruit tent this afternoon. It weighs 1,825 lbs, and presents an unrivalled spectacle. The entry books were closed at 10 o'clock this morning, at which time the number of entries was about 2,200.

Several sales of stock have been made this afternoon. Mr. Robbins' Aldermey cows and breeds of pigs were much lauded by stock seekers, and there are several excellent varieties from Waukesha, Racine and some Northern counties. A Devon calf belonging to Mr. Brackett, of the town of Raymond, Racine county, is a rare specimen and is warmly praised.

The ploughing match began between 3 and 4 o'clock this afternoon. The plowing was in a field about 1-2 a mile from the Fair Grounds. The Judges were E. Salson of Winnebago, and E. Bennett and W. D. Boyce, of Dane.

J. C. Chandler, C. M. Palmer and W. W. Waldron were the competing plowmen. The two first had slipper plows, manufactured in Whitewater, and the last a plow made at Billings & Corman's manufactory in Madison. They had to plow a quarter of an acre each, and when they started Chandler took the lead and seemed likely to win the first premium. His team was a very strong and practicable one.

The first premium is $10, the second $6 and the third $3. As there were only three competitors they would all get something, for their labor. There would have been more if the time published in the programme had not been changed without sufficient notice. We shall give the result in our next issue.

There is a tempting programme for to-morrow. The Dane Cavalry and the Governor's Guard and Madison Guards as well as numerous fire Companies will be upon the Ground.

In the morning there will be sales of animals at auction. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the Ladies' Equestrian Display begins, and at 4 o'clock there will be a grand parade of premium animals. If the weather is only fine, a day of exciting and suggestive pleasure can be enjoyed on the Fair Grounds.

A PLANTER near Baltimore, and the owner of *fifty* slaves, publishes a letter in the Baltimore *Patriot*, in which he gives statistics, and advances arguments to prove that while slavery may have elevated the negro race to a certain degree, it has demoralized the white race where it has existed. He prays, therefore, that the institution may be kept from the Territories.

TOUCHING.—A monument has recently been erected in Greenwood Cemetery, to the memory of the sister of Kossuth, who died in Brooklyn last June. On one side of the base is the following touching inscription:

"Ye who return when Hungary is free,
Oh, take my dust along!—my heart is there."

The Slavery Question.

At a public meeting, pursuant to notice, held in Round Prairie School House, on Saturday, September 15th, 1860, by male members of the M. E. Church of Heart Prairie charge, Wisconsin Conference, for the purpose of withdrawing their connection from said church, there were present DANIEL CROSS, THOMAS KENYON, JOEL B. NORCROSS, G. W. NORCROSS, HORACE HOUGHTON, W. W. NORCROSS, WILLIAM SEAVY, JAMES B. COOK, F. W. MILLS, JOHN NORCROSS.

Prayer was offered by brother DANIEL CROSS, who was afterwards elected Chairman. THOMAS KENYON was chosen Sec'y.

The following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, The M. E. Church, of which we are members, does not occupy the position which we believe to be in accordance with the Word of God and the principles of humanity, we have come to the conclusion that as gentlemen and Christians, we cannot, consistent with these views, maintain our self-respect and discharge our duty to God and our fellow-men, continue any longer within her pale.

1. We object to the present position of the M. E. Church on the question of *Slavery*.

1. The M. E. Church is inconsistent: She condemns Slavery as a "sin against God and humanity," and yet fellowships that sin and refuses to legislate against drunkenness, uncleanness, theft &c., and what she calls *contumacy*, (that is a brother who refuses to give up his own individuality to the Church as in the case in the Genesee Conference,) but she will not legislate *directly* against Slavery.

2. The M. E. Church is *deceptious*: The M. E. Church has, and still is acting deceptionsly: For many years she has been promising to remove Slavery from the Church, and still the question remains in her discipline, "what shall be done for the extirpation of Slavery?" and this question is accompanied by the declaration—"We declare we are as much as ever convinced of the great evil of Slavery." But notwithstanding these, she utterly refuses to remove the "evil of Slavery" and not only so, but will use all her power to punish, ecclesiastically, all who dare to make an effort to carry out the provisions of her own discipline against Slavery. And besides this, our Church papers since the late General Conference in connection with the leading officials, have, and still are laboring to make the members and the public at large, believe that some progress was made in this direction at said Conference, when we know that nothing *directly* was done, nor intended to be done, unless a little *wedging*, which advice never was intended to be administered and never can be administered against any offending slaveholder, it being merely advisory and not final. Besides Dr. Kingsley, the framer of the "advice," in answer to a question put by Dr. Durbin, declared, it never was intended to be brought up against a slaveholder in the administration of the discipline. Still we are deceptiously told that there was progress, &c. It is time now, we think, that we should think for ourselves, and object to being deceived by others.

II. We object to the government of the M. E. Church.

1. We disapprove of Bishops and *Presiding Elders*, as both offices in our opinion are unnecessary, very burdensome to the Church, and often lead to an undue amount of authority and even severity, unsalled for among the followers of Christ.

Besides we believe that only for these offices "the sum of all villainy (slavery,)" would long since have been removed from the M. E. Church.

2. In addition to the above objections to the offices of Bishop and P. E., there is another and very grave one, which is an incident arising from the office P. E. namely:—One man, or two or three men, *priestly*, (as a general thing,) make interest with the P. E., and thereby *assume* the entire management of a charge. For instance: these *few wish to remove* a minister at the end of one year. They speak to the P. E. *privately* to remove said minister. The P. E. sees they are the governors of the charge and it would not answer him to turn them against him. He removes the minister.

Now, notwithstanding there may be nine out of every ten members on the charge who love their minister dearly, and if they had a voice in the matter would ask him to remain, yet in consequence of this stand of things in our church, they have neither choice or voice in the matter. Let us examine the consequences arising from this government.

1st. The minister, with his family, are abused and insulted, and he has *no remedy*, having no voice in the matter.

2d. The charge is burdened unnecessarily by having to pay the traveling expenses of the new minister.

3d. The official and the other members of the charge are abused and insulted.

4th. Abused. They were not considered fit to be consulted as to the prudence of either removing or retaining the minister.

5th. Insulted. By being called upon to help to pay the traveling expenses of the new minister; for, while they were considered of no *importance* in consultation as to removing the minister, they were considered of importance in helping to defray the traveling expenses of the new minister. This abusive and insulting system could not be carried on were it not for the office of P. E.; therefore,

Resolved, That we are sadly sorry that there exists any necessity for dissolving our connection from said Church.

Resolved, 2d, That we will abide tenaciously by the doctrines of the gospel, and also by the itinerant system taught and practised by the Methodist Church throughout the world.

Resolved, 3d, That we have and will cultivate kindly feelings towards the members of the M. E. Church who may differ with us in their views and who are satisfied to continue within her pale, and shall not indulge in any unkind sentiments towards them; therefore,

Resolved, That our connection with the M. E. Church is hereby *dissolved*.

Resolved, 2d, That we hereby connect ourselves with the "FREE METHODIST CHURCH." Amen.

Resolved, 3d, That the church at Lamb School house, Round Prairie, Sugar Creek and District Skillet, and are, hereby united to the "FREE METHODIST CHURCH."

Resolved, 4th, That in our new Church relations, we propose to dedicate ourselves, (by the grace of God,) more heartily to the service of the Most High. Amen. And that we sustain the institutions of the "FREE METHODIST CHURCH," according to the ability God hath given us. Daddy.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be forwarded to the Milwaukee Weekly *Sentinel* and the Milwaukee Weekly *Free Democrat*, with a request for publication in said papers.

(Signed,)
DANIEL CROSS, *Chairman.*
THOMAS KENYON, *Secty.*

GUERNSEY'S BALM!

For Sale or Rent.

FARM FOR SALE.

SITUATED IN THE TOWN OF [illegible] 20 miles from this city, containing 160 acres under good improvement; well watered by living springs; good orchard, and other fruits, two frame dwelling houses.

Also, a farm of 160 acres 20 miles from Mc Gregor, Iowa, situated in the town of Lemyr, Bremer County, which I will sell for cash or city property. Said farm has a house on it and is a good settlement. For further particulars & enquire of the subscriber, No. 3 Wisconsin st. Milwaukee.

J. M. SWEET.

WOOL! WOOL!!

10,000 POUNDS FINE WOOL FOR sale by
G. H. STEWART & CO.,
sep28 2t at Bridger Farm, Wis.

FOUNDRY TO LET.

THE PROPERTY KNOWN AS THE "THEODORE IRON WORKS," situated on Walker's Point, Fifth Ward, Milwaukee. This property is well situated, having a steam engine attached to the building, a good Smoke-stack shop, &c., &c. The whole, or part, will be let on favorable terms. Apply to
JOHN NAZRO & CO.
sep24 8d&3w

FOR SALE CHEAP.

TO BE MOVED FROM THE LOT. A good one and a half story dwelling house containing seven rooms, well finished and in good condition. May be divided into two or the small houses. Enquire of Adam Grant, at J. L. Davis' new store.
sep19 2d&1f

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THERE IS A RARE OPPORTUNITY for a good BLACKSMITH and a good SHOEMAKER to establish themselves in a flourishing business, in the town of Bergenville, in Monroe County, Wisconsin, directly on the line of the Milwaukee & Milwaukee Railroad, in the heart of the famous La Crosse Valley, one of the pleasantest and healthiest parts of the State. There is a large shop, the property of the lands in the vicinity of the depot premises, and various inducements offered. Rent reasonable for a limited number of years. Apply immediately, if the above mentioned persons, or any good mechanics, as excellent openings for better than ordinary success. The place is thriving, and has, at present, some two or three hundred farmers within five miles, and two good saw-mills within half a mile of the depot, with a post-office and store. Large quantities of wheat are shipped from this station.

Any communications to the undersigned will be promptly attended to.
G. M. PARSELL,
sep28 3t&w1m Bergenville, Monroe Co., Wis.

FOR SALE.

WATER POWER WOOLEN FACTORY, SAW MILL and TANNERY. All new and in good order, with dwelling houses and 46 acres of land, situated in the village of Saratoga, County seat of Sauk county, Wis. It has a 25 horse power and is a large property. It will come in one of the finest of the timbered and farming districts. I must and will sell cheap and on good terms of payment.
W. P. FLANDERS.
Milwaukee, April 16, 1860. apr16d&w1m&m

FOR SALE.

A FIRST CLASS FARM, CONSISTING of 130 acres land, well watered, with about 40 acres good timber. The improvements are a modern frame dwelling house, 2 story and outbuildings, a large barn, and a bearing orchard of various kinds of fruit grafted. Also, a small house and lot on the same road, 2 miles from the city, and near Wauwatosa. Enquire of
T. F. CORDIS,
sep18 d10m Newhall House, Milwaukee.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER, AT THE LE BRUN Billiard Hall, will sell a splendid farm of 170 acres in the town of Ottawa, adjoining the model farm in the Town of Summit, Waukesha County, Wisconsin. It is a rare chance for property and for a reasonable price.

He will also sell as a real estate agent for the sale of land in Waukesha County. He has at the Hall a large township and sectional map of the country from which the location and advantages of the land may be readily ascertained.

He has some city lots to be disposed of on good terms. Persons wishing to sell will attend to the sale of any property which may be placed in his hands for that purpose.

Any farther information inquire at Le Brun Billiard Hall.
J. M. CRUMMEY.
aug31d&w

SALT YARD TO LET.

I WILL LET MY SALT YARD ON Walker's Point, second block in South Water St. below the bridge—there is a large building on the lot for holding 500 packages dairy salt, and an office and a large quantity of scantling to pile salt on. Cisterns are about 150 feet on the River, and can hold 10,000 barrels of salt.
ROBERT McKAY.
by28 2w&1f

TO LET.

THE FAMILY GROCERY STORE NO. 243 East Water street, now occupied by HUNN & CASSETY. For further particulars enquire of I. CASSETY, at the General Stage Office No. 22 East Water street, up stairs.
my3&4 2d1f

Horses and Carriages for Sale.

HORSES, BUGGIES, EXPRESS WAGONS, Harnesses, &c., for sale cheap.
E. OLMSTED,
Boarding and Sale Stable, rear of American House

FOR SALE CHEAP.

A FINE BRED BROOD MARE WITH foal by St. Lawrence Horse. Inquire at Livery and Sale Stable, rear of the American House.
mar24 3w&1f E. OLMSTED.

PIG IRON FOR SALE.

150 TONS PIG IRON, FROM FRANKLIN Furnace, Clinton, Oneida Co., New York, for sale cheap.
my15 3d&1f R. OLMSTED.

CHANGE OF TIME
For Fort Washington, Sheboygan, Manitowoc & Two Rivers.

THE STEAMER HURON, Captain PARET, will leave my Dock for above Ports, every evening, (Sundays excepted,) at 5 o'clock.
R. OLMSTED, Agent.

Political Flags, Uniforms, &c.

CAMPAIGN ENVELOPES!

Lincoln & Hamlin,
Douglas & Johnson,
Breckinridge & Lane, and
Bell & Everett

ENVELOPES
FOR SALE
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT COST!
By NORMAN & McNAB,
sep22 21 East Water Street.

DOUGLAS AND LINCOLN MEDALS.
A LARGE SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED by STRICKLAND & CO.

FLAGS, BANNERS,
AND
SIGNS
PAINTED TO ORDER, AT
COLLINGBOURNE'S,
257 Main Street, Milwaukee.
WALL PAPER & WINDOW SHADES.
jy14 S&Sdtnovl

Flags and Banners!

LINCOLN, DOUGLAS, AND BELL.

Portraits of Candidates Painted!

ON CANVASS, THREE FEET BY FIVE, with Mottoes, &c., $5.00 EACH!

PROCESSION & PARADE BANNERS,
TRANSPARENCIES, &c.

F. MORTIMER LANE, Painter,
P. O. Box 838. 22 Spring Street, Milwaukee.
Send for Circulars. jy12 20d&eod1m

Books and Stationery.

ESTABLISHED IN 1847.

H. NIEDECKEN & CO.,
No. 219 East Water St., Mil.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Paper & Stationery Warehouse

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW AND Extensive stock of Goods. Please call and examine our new stock of every variety of

PAPER,

Which we have had chosen to buy at EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES, and which we therefore are enabled to sell well below, than they ever have been sold at here before.

Our Motto: Correct Prices at New York prices.

STATIONERY of every description at prices that defy competition. Thus first-class

BOOKBINDERY,

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY,

And Ruling Establishment,

Of ours, which is so well and favorably known all over the State, is in a flourishing condition. Under the superintendence of Capt. Shaw of Rulers and Binders, EDWARD QUINN, we are ready to do any kind of work in that line, ENTIRELY and CHEAPER than any other Bindery in the State.

N. B.—Just received—A new pattern Pocket Seal Ledger, 25. A new kind of Receipt Book, very practicable. sep18 3t&1f d10t

NEW BOOKS.

WOODS AND WATERS, OR THE SARANACS and Racket, with Map of the Route and other Illustrations on Wood, by Alfred B. Street.

Sketches of Parisian Life—The Greatness and Decline of Cesar Birotteau—From the French of Honore de Balzac.

The Custom Family, or The Fashion of this World; by Harriet B. Beall.

Margaret Maneschein, the First Love of Aaron Burr. Just received by
STRICKLAND & CO.
Booksellers and Stationers,
sep22 138 East Water Street

VINEGAR! VINEGAR!

THE MANUFACTURE OF VINEGAR. In theory and practice, with especial reference to the quick process; by Charles M. Wetherill. Just published and for sale by
STRICKLAND & CO.
sep22 138 East Water street.

Prof. Ingraham's New Book.

"THE SOUTHERNER AT HOME."

JUST RECEIVED BY
STRICKLAND & CO.

H. C. BRADLEY & CO.,
Successors to Chase & Bradley,
Rag and Paper Dealers,
WAREHOUSE, NO. 6 REES' BLOCK,
Counting Room, No. 1 Wisconsin St.
MILWAUKEE, WIS.
feb16 d1y&eod1y

The 7th Volume
—OF—
THE WISCONSIN REPORTS,
CAN BE FOUND AT
S. C. WEST'S.
ALSO THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF Law Blanks, Blank Books, Stationery, &c.—Law Books and Miscellaneous Books.
My stock of WALL PAPER is the
largest in the City.
S. C. WEST,
dec22 d&eod1y 165 East Water st., Milwaukee.

HARRISON HANFORD & CO.,
PAPER DEALERS,
No. 3 WISCONSIN STREET,
MILWAUKEE.....Dec8 eod1y.....WISCONSIN.

Pork and Beef Packers.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE FROM
LAYTON & FLANKINTON
PORK & BEEF PACKERS
SOAP & CANDLE
MANUFACTURERS
MILW

Special Notices.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS,

Prepared by Cornelius L. Cheeseman, M.D., NEW YORK CITY.

THE COMBINATION OF INGREDIENTS in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruation, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

TO MARRIED LADIES,

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are invaluable, as they will bring on the monthly period with regularity. Ladies who have been disappointed in the use of other Pills can place the utmost confidence in Dr. Cheeseman's Pills doing all that they represent to do.

NOTICE.

There is one condition of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing PECULIAR RESULT. The condition referred to is PREGNANCY—the result, MISCARRIAGE. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it.

Warranted purely vegetable, and free from anything injurious. Explicit directions, which should be read, accompany each box. Prices $1. Sent by Mail on enclosing $1 to DR. CORNELIUS L. CHEESEMAN, Box 4631, Post Office, New York City.

Sold by one Druggist in every town in the United States. R. B. HUTCHINS,

General Agent for the United States, No. 14 Broadway, New York.

To whom all Wholesale orders should be addressed.

☞ Sold in Milwaukee by Green & Button, and H. Bosworth & Son.

mar13'60dawsow

Bryan's Tasteless Vermifuge.

SAVED! SAVED!

Physicians in vain came again and again,
The dear little angel grew worse,
"'Tis a fatal disease, and we can't give her ease,"
Said the doctors to mother and nurse.
But the nurse in plain terms said, "'tis nothing but worms,"
And a cure pointed out right away:
BRYAN'S VERMIFUGE mild, then they gave to the child,
And behold! she was well the next day.

Put up in bottles. Price 25 dimes. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and by druggists. sept19dlm

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MRS Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It has no equal on earth. It greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation, will relieve all pain, and is sure to regulate the bowels. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and relief and health to your infants. Perfectly safe in all cases.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most experienced and skilful Female Physicians in New England, and has been used with never failing success in millions of cases.

We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause.

If life and health can be estimated by dollars and cents, it is worth its weight in gold.

Millions of bottles are sold every year in the United States. It is an old and well tried remedy.

PRICE ONLY 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

☞ None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world. Office No. 13 Cedar street, New York.

Sold in Milwaukee by John Rice.

je15'61wd&wly

Dr. McClintock's Gold and Cough Mixture

IT IS AS SAFE TO PLAY WITH A rattlesnake as to trifle with a cold or cough. Meet the insidious enemy on the threshold with this irresistible antidote. It removes all irritation from the lungs and windpipe with wonderful celerity, and its operation never varies, never disappoints.

Price 25 cts. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. sept9dlm

Pimples on the Face and Skin Diseases

ARE GENERALLY CAUSED BY ANimalculæ burrowing in the skin. Dr. Trask's Magnetic Ointment, by its powerful and penetrating qualities, destroys every vestige of them, restoring health and beauty to the skin wherever applied, removing Tan and Freckles.

Inflamed or Sore Eyes.

A. G. Unshing, of South Bend, Ind., says: "The Magnetic Ointment is the only remedy in use here for INFLAMED EYES. The Auditor of our county has so much faith in its curative power in this disease, that he not only highly recommends it, but offers to forfeit the amount paid for it in each case, if it fails of a cure."

Piles.

Piles which are at this season of the year particularly troublesome, are cured at once by Trask's Magnetic Ointment; apply to the parts affected and smell of the back.

Nervous or Sick Headache.

Apply the Ointment freely to the forehead and temples and back of the neck, also to the soles of the feet and palms of the hands. It will relieve the severest headache in thirty minutes.

☞ Sold by all medicine dealers.

jy15'61dawsow3m

Dr. Jas. McClintock's Asthma Remedy.

THERE IS NO DISEASE MORE DISTRESSING than Asthma. It "murders sleep" and induces a fear of death by suffocation, that is perfectly horrible. Now, here is a specific which forthwith removes the most painful symptoms, which always in the end effects a cure. Not to resort to it is madness. For whooping cough it is also infallible.

Price 50c. Sold by Henry Fess, Jr., and other druggists. sept19dlm

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

Moffat's Life Pills!

AND PHOENIX BITTERS.

Free from all Mineral Poisons!!

IN CASES OF SCROFULA, ULCERS, Scurvy, or Eruptions of the Skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing, in a few days, every vestige of these loathsome diseases by their purifying effects on the blood. Bilious Fevers, Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Piles, and in short, most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved. Prepared by

WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M.D., oct15'58d2tw3w1y. New York.

Sewing Machines.

A RARE CHANCE!

BEING ABOUT TO ENGAGE IN ANOTHER business, I will sell the present stock of

FINKLE & LYON'S

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,

From 15 to 30 per cent. BELOW NEW YORK PRICES. These Machines are FIRST CLASS, make the lock-stitch, and are fully warranted in every particular. As a

FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

They are Unrivalled!

Also for sale—The fixtures of the office.

☞ Call at No. 269 Main Street, opposite Young's Block. E. MACKAY, Agent.

aug30d45

THE

SINGER SEWING MACHINES!

The marked and ever extending popularity of

Singer's Sewing Machines!

BOTH IN AMERICA AND EUROPE, is such as best to establish their superiority over all others in the market. Sewing Machines—so called—may be bought, it is true, for a smaller amount of dollars, but it is false economy to invest anything in a worthless or unreliable article, and those who will do so must abide the consequences.

SINGER'S NEW FAMILY MACHINES.

In order to place THE BEST FAMILY MACHINES IN THE WORLD within the reach of all, we have reduced our PRICES. DR. THANES WEBSTER'S SHUTTLE MACHINES, beautifully ornamented, to $50.

SINGER'S NO. 1 AND 2 STANDARD SHUTTLE MACHINES.

Both of very general application and capacity, and popular both in the family and the manufactory. Prices reduced, respectively from $125 and $150 to $90 and $100.

SINGER'S NO. 3 STANDARD SHUTTLE MACHINE,

For carriage makers and heavy leather work. Price complete, $125. Also, to complete the list an

ENTIRELY NEW ARTICLE,

Unequalled for manufacturing purposes; Noiseless, RAPID, and capable of every kind of work! Price, (including Hemmer and drawers,) $110—cheaper at that in view of its value than the machines of any other maker as a gift.

All of Singer's machines make the interlocked stitch with two threads which is the best stitch known. Every person desiring to secure full and reliable information about Sewing Machines, their sizes, prices, working capacities, and the best methods of purchasing or obtaining by renting for a term of J. M. Singer & Co.'s *Gazette*, which is a beautiful pictorial paper entirely devoted to the subject. It will be supplied *gratis*.

☞ Transportation will be added to the above prices, in all cases.

W. H. SPEAR, Agent, apr18'60d&wly No. 17 Newhall House.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED NOISELESS

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES!!

NEW STYLES—PRICES FROM $50 TO $125.

NEW MEMBERS, $5 EXTRA.

THESE MACHINES SEW FROM TWO Spools, as purchased from the store, requiring no rewinding of thread; they Hem, Fell, Gather, and Stitch in a superior style, finishing each seam by their own operation, without resorting to the hand-needle as is required by other machines. They will do better and cheaper sewing than a seamstress can, even if she worked for one cent per hour.

A New Shuttle Machine for manufacturing purposes for $30.

Office of Exhibition and Sale, 496 Broadway, N.Y. Also, at Newhall House, Milwaukee.

apr 11 '60d&wly J. A. FRENCH, Agent.

THE SENTINEL.

Terms of the Sentinel.

CASH, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

DAILY, delivered in City, per annum	$7.00
do do do six months	4.00
do do do three months	2.00
do do do per week	15
Papers to the Trade, per hundred	2.00
DAILY, by mail, per annum	4.00
do do six months	2.00
do do three months	1.00
do do per month	35
do do single copies *5 cents.*	
TRI-WEEKLY, per annum	4.00
do six months	2.00
do three months	1.00
WEEKLY, per annum	1.50
do six months	1.00
do three months	50

CLUB RATES FOR THE WEEKLY.

To clubs of four (to one address) per annum	5.00
do do ten do do do	10.00
do do twenty do do do	15.00

Address JERMAIN & BRIGHTMAN, Publishers Daily Sentinel, Milwaukee, Wis.

SISTERS' QUARREL.

One day Good-by met How-d'ye-do,
Too close to shun saluting;
But soon the rival sisters flew
From kissing to disputing.
"Away!" says How-d'ye-do, "your mein
And speech my cheerful nature—
No name so sad as yours is seen
In sorrow's nomenclature;
Whene'er I give one cheering hour,
Your clouds come o'er to shade it;
Where'er I plant one bosom flower,
Your mildews drop to fade it;
Ev- How-d'ye-do has tuned each tongue
To Hope's delighted measure,"
Good-bye in friendship's ear has rung
The knell of parting pleasure.
From sorrows past my clysmic skill
Draws smiles of consolation;
While you from present joys distill
The tears of separation."
Good-by replied: "Your statements true,
And well your cause you've pleaded;
But pray, who'd think of How-d'ye-do,
Unless Good-by preceded?
Without my prior influence,
Could you have ever flourished?
And can your hand one flower dispense,
But what my tears have nourished?
How oft, if at the Court of Love
Concealment be the fashion,
When How-d'ye-do has failed to move,
Good-by reveals the passion!
Go, bid the timid lover choose
And I'll resign my charter,
If he for ten kind How-d'ye-do's
One kind Good-by would barter!"

First Welcome of the Prince in American Waters.

As the Prince of Wales began to descend the road leading to the pier of the "Maid of the Mist," near the Falls, on Saturday, his presence and person were indicated to one of our most prominent citizens, an Englishman by birth, and sharing alike in natural regard for the Prince and in the dare-devil qualities of Western life, who was at once translated to the seventh heavens of enthusiasm and to earthly sublimity of impudence almost unparalleled. Exclaiming in a shout that the Prince was the best looking boy in these parts, he rushed down the slope, and familiarly accosted the Duke of Newcastle, to whom he expressed an affectionate regret that the Royal visit had not been extended to the "Queen City of the Lakes," and offered a paternal greeting and a few words of compliment to the Prince, and shaking hands with Lord Bruce—the descendant of Sir William Wallace—engaged in an animated expatiation upon the glorious welcome the party would receive in the United States.

The place of embarkation was reached. The Royal party dismounted and became yet more on a footing of equality with our hero, who, nothing loth, suffered himself to go on board the Maid of the Mist as one of the select chosen few. Once on board, the huge, loose, hooded waterproof cloaks, commonly worn there as protection against the drenching mist, were donned by the whole party, and who could distinguish "Who's who?" Our adventurer suffered no part of his person to be seen, except an aristocratic nose, which he often terms "his one redeeming feature." Thus disguised, he approached the Prince, and familiarly seated by his side, pointed out Table Rock, and many other objects of interest to be seen on the trip under the Falls. On arriving in American waters, he congratulated the Prince on his first arrival within the territory of the United States, proclaiming, in those strong terms of which he was so ready a master, his respectful warmth and love towards the Prince's mother, for her many personal and Queenly virtues, adding that he already loved the Prince for them. Pride goes before a fall. Emboldened by success, he requested the honor of shaking hands with his Royal Highness. The favor was granted.

But here our Squire found he had gone too far. His Royal Highness knew well enough that one of his own party would never have thought of shaking hands with him just then, and showed symptoms of distrust.—"At this crisis of my fate," says the Squire, "the Duke of Newcastle was drinking a glass of porter, so I said through my nose, in as intensely a Yankeefied way as I could, as if I were one of the party making fun of certain descendants of the Puritans, though the land knows I felt a trifle funny in altogether a different way from that, 'That's bad to take.'" "You just try it," said the Duke, "and you'll see if it's bad to take." So he poured out a glass for our Squire, but there was something or other plebeian in the Squire's method of drinking—something altogether inexplicable to him, who believed up to that moment that Kings and Dukes eat and drink like all other men. He "guesses" he "drank in a Republican, free, off-hand sort of a way," and adds that "any how my goose was cooked after that, and I saw they all looked offish at me."

Shortly afterwards, the trip being near the close, the owner of the boat came to him and said, "The Prince wishes to know who are?" "I'm George Hinson, of Buffalo, Erie county, and State of New York, Justice of the Peace, worth $100,000, pay 100 cents every time, go for Douglas and Johnson, and don't care a d—n for anybody." The skipper conveyed the message, and at last returned a reply: "The Prince says this is strictly a private party, and *he feels very indignant at your intrusion.*" "I guess I hain't hurt him any to speak of any how," said our hero, who began to see a chance of getting ashore without a ducking. "I insist," said the skipper, "on your paying your fare immediately," slapping the Justice hard upon the shoulder." "All right," said the Squire, with the dignity of the magisterial bench; "anything you've a mind to charge—$20, $30, $40 or $50. I've had value received, and I'm *always adequate to these small occasions.*" The charge was a dollar, being two shillings more than the regular fare; but the Squire paid it, telling the purser he might have $2, "if he'd a mind to." Nothing can convince the Squire that the Prince would have permitted him to pay the charge if he had known of it, but he felt too glad not to be thrown overboard in international waters, to stand upon trifles, and in a conversation with one of his most familiar friends, he has been heard to say, as he can with truth, "I was the first to welcome His Royal Highness to the territory of the United States, and there won't many folks see the Prince the same way as I did.—*Buffalo Com. Advertiser.*

Philadelphia Advertisements.

From V. P. Palmer's Agency.

HANDSOME WOMEN

TO THE LADIES.

HUNT'S "BLOOM OF ROSES," A rich and delicate color for the cheeks and lips, WILL NOT WASH OR RUB OFF, and when once applied remains durable for years, mailed free in bottles for $1.00.

HUNT'S "COURT TOILET POWDER," imparts a dazzling whiteness to the complexion, and is unlike anything else used for this purpose, mailed free for 50 cents.

HUNT'S "IMPERIAL POMADE," for the hair, strengthens and improves its growth, keeps it from falling off, and warranted TO MAKE THE HAIR CURL, mailed free for $1.00.

HUNT'S "PEARL BEAUTIFIER," for the teeth and gums, cleans and whitens the teeth, hardens the gums, purifies the breath effectually, PRESERVES THE TEETH AND PREVENTS TOOTHACHE, mailed free for 50c.

HUNT'S "BRITISH BALM," removes tan, freckles, sunburn and all eruptions of the skin, mailed free for $1.00.

HUNT'S "BRIDAL WREATH PERFUME," a double extract of orange blossoms and cologne, mailed free for $1.00.

This exquisite perfume was first used by the PRINCESS ROYAL OF ENGLAND, on her marriage.

MESSRS. HUNT & CO. present the PUBLIC with an elegant case of Perfumery, in which all the above articles were included, in handsome cut glass with gilt tops, valued at $10.00, presented to purchasers of which appeared in public prints. All the above articles sent FREE by express for $5.00. Cash can either accompany the order or be paid to the express agent on delivery of goods.

HUNT & CO., Perfumers to the Queen, REGENT STREET, LONDON, & 714 CHESTNUT ST., The Trade supplied. PHILADELPHIA.

Carriage Painting

DONE

IN THE VERY BEST STYLE,

—AND ON—

REASONABLE TERMS,

—BY—

J. RASTALL.

Shop at the FOOT OF MASON ST., over Butler & Post's Livery Stable. je25'60d1y

WHAT IS IT?

What is it that attracts such Crowds Nightly,

AT NO. 269 MAIN STREET?

It is the

EUREKA LIGHT!

THAT ECLIPSES EVERYTHING IN the way of Portable Gas Light ever before introduced. If you want a brilliant, soft, steady light, to read or work by, that will not cost over

Three-Quarters of a Cent per Hour,

Go to 269 Main Street and provide yourself with a burner for ten shillings, which can be attached to any lamp for a mere trifle. sep2

KEEP COOL.

BLAIR & PERSONS HAVE FOR SALE 50 Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Silver Plated and Britannia Ice Pitchers, Four Minute Ice Cream Freezers, Tree Julep Straws, at No. 186 East Water street. jy28

Business Cards.

ATTORNEYS.

CYRUS P. MILLER,

MADISON, WISCONSIN.

PRACTICES IN THE SUPREME COURT and the other State Courts, and in the District Court of the United States, as

Attorney, Counsellor and Solicitor.

Also, transacts business with the different departments of the State Government.

Particular attention given to the securing and collection of claims. 1y15dlm&wkly

E. W. CARPENTER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin. Office, No. 5 Kneeland's Block. aug11dly

D. E. CAMERON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ARCADE BUILDING,

171 1-2 East Water Street.

jy7'60d1y

A. HENRY BIELFELD,

CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC, No. 296 Market Square, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. ap14dly

CARLOS GLIDDEN.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office in Van Cott's Building, corner East Water and Wisconsin streets, third floor. jan12'60d1y

A. H. FARRAR. A. ROSENTHAL.

FARRAR & ROSENTHAL,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, NO. 1 KNEELAND'S BLOCK, 219 East Water street, Milwaukee, Wis. dec31'59d1y

CARY & PRATT,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS. OFFICE IN "LAW BUILDINGS," NO. 21 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee, Wis. JOHN W. CARY. [jy12'61d3m] WALLACE PRATT.

UPHAM & GRAHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND SOLICITORS IN CHANCERY. New Post Office Building, second floor. apr15dly

JAMES H. DODGE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT Law. Particular attention given to the collection of debts throughout the State. Office No. 4 Mitchell's Block, Milwaukee, Wis. feb28'60d1y

WELLS & BRIGHAM,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MILWAUKEE, Wisconsin. Office in Law Buildings, Wisconsin Street. CHAS. K. WELLS. 1916 JEROME R. BRIGHAM.

Emmons, Van Dyke & Hamilton.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office—291 East Water Street, corner of Wisconsin Street, in Martin's Block. aug22y

LITHOGRAPHERS.

LOUIS LIPMAN

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHER, OVER the Marine Bank, 216 East Water Street, Milwaukee, is prepared to execute all orders in his line, such as Maps, Plans, Checks, Drafts, views of Buildings, Show Cards, &c., &c. Particular attention paid to getting up Rail Road Maps, Bond &c. my12'61dly

PHYSICIANS.

J. S. DOUGLAS, M. D.,

HOMŒOPATHIST, HOUSE AND OFFICE No. 92 Wisconsin street, S. W. Corner of Van Buren street. nov12'60d1y&wlm

PACKERS, &c.

JOHN PLANKINTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF SOAP AND CANDLES, West Water Street, near the M. & L. R. R. depot, Milwaukee.

HOTELS.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

Market Square, - - - - Milwaukee,

D. UPMAN, PROPRIETOR.

THE ST. CHARLES, FORMERLY THE Wettstein Hotel, on Market Square, Milwaukee, has been put in complete repair, provided with new furniture throughout, and is now ready for the reception of guests. Accomodations first rate, and terms moderate. This house is among the most pleasant and central in the city.

AMERICAN HOUSE,

P. KANE & SON, PROPRIETORS, Spring Street, Milwaukee, Wis. jy13'60d1y

PAINTERS.

SAMUEL M. BROOKS

PORTRAIT AND LANDSCAPE PAINTER. Studio, Corner of East Water and Wisconsin Streets, over Van Cott's. dec16'59d1y

MUSIC.

INSTRUCTIONS IN SINGING

AND

COMPOSITION.

TERMS: PER QUARTER OF THIRteen weeks, twice a week, $20.00; For quarter of thirteen weeks, once a week, $10.00. Orders may be left at Mr. Humpstead's Music Store, at the office of G. Von Deutzen, and with the subscriber, No. 357 Third Street, opposite the Lutheran Church. E. SCHOELWSKI. dec14d3ly

Groceries and Provisions.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!

THE LARGEST STOCK

AND THE

LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY

ARE AT

HUNN & CROSBY'S!

No. 184 East Water Street.

WHERE OUR FRIENDS AND THE public generally can always find the choicest articles in the Grocery line, selling at the very lowest prices for cash, and cash only. Our motto is

"Small Profits and Quick Returns!"

To which we strictly adhere, and we pledge ourselves AT ALL TIMES to sell goods cheaper than the same qualities can be bought for at any other store in the city. This is no idle boast, as we will demonstrate to all who will favor us with a call and an opportunity to prove it. We keep everything in the way of STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES, and shall, at all times, be pleased to exhibit them, and have the truth of our assertions tested. Our space will not permit us to enumerate the various articles to be found upon our shelves. We can only say that we are "AT HOME" in every department, and can supply you with the

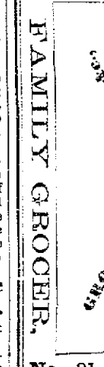
SUBSTANTIALS OF LIFE,

That are usually to be found in a first-class grocery.

☞ Send in your orders, and they will be filled promptly and the goods delivered in any part of the city, free of charge. HUNN & CROSBY.

jy28'60d&wlm

H. W. GEORGE,



No. 31 Wisconsin Street.

may11'60d1y

Wines and Liquors

AT WHOLESALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS IN STORE Direct from Bond

BRANDIES

Of the following familiar marks: Otard, Dupuy & Co.; James Hennessy, Martel, Castillon & Co., Thos. Hine; Marett & Co.; Aloe, Medex Swan and Tulip Gins;

Burnett's London Cordial Gin;

JAMAICA AND ST. CROIX RUM,

Old and choice;

SCOTCH & IRISH WHISKEYS;

Very old and choice

BOURBON & RYE WHISKEYS,

Of superior quality!

The Genuine Heidsieck & Co. Champagne, in basketts;

Grand Vin De Cabinet Heidsieck & Co., in cases;

Moet & Chandon, Vin Imperial; green seal, in cases.

Dealers in the above Goods will be supplied at very low rates.

J. W. LEDYARD, 161 East Water st.

NOTICE! NOTICE!!

J. W. LEDYARD,

GROCER AND WINE DEALER,

161 EAST WATR ST.,

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

HAS ON HAND A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF CHOICE

Groceries and Provisions,

TO WHICH THE ATTENTION OF Milwaukeeans is respectfully invited. Also on hand, the finest stock of Old Brandies, Gins, "Old Pale Sherrys" Ports and Madeira Wines, &c., ever offered in this city, all purchased in bond, and warranted genuine.

Champagnes from the celebrated houses of Heidsieck & Co., Moet & Chandon, and others; Still Wines, of various brands, Scotch Ales and London Porter.

☞ Agent for

J. J. Sand's Celebrated Cream Ales,

in half barrels, kegs and bottles.

Seine Twines, Bag Twines, Wrapping Twines, and three-cord Gilling Twine, No. 9's, 12's and 24's.

☞ All goods warranted, and delivered in any part of the city, without extra charge.

aug2 161 East Water Street.

SUGARS.

DAILY RECEIVING FROM NEW York the best quality of Crushed, Powdered, Granulated and Coffee Sugars. For sale at reduced prices. J. W. LEDYARD, Grocer, 161 East Water St.

RASPBERRY JAM.

50 JARS RASPBERRY JAM FROM Sugar Island, Lake Superior, just received and for sale by J. W. LEDYARD, Grocer and Wine Dealers, 161 East Water st.

New York Advertisements.

From S. M. Pettingill's Agency.

Hughes, Dupuy & Crehange,

IMPORTERS OF FANCY GOODS,

521 Broadway, New York, 3rd. Floor.

OFFER TO THE TRADE A LARGE, fresh and well-selected assortment of PARIS FANCY GOODS, to which they will receive large additions, by steamers, during the season. Among their stock may be found nearly all the newest styles and full lines of Silk Bird's Eyes, Hair Nets and Crimpers, Fancy Hair Pins, Combs and Ornaments, Sides, Belt Buckles and Chains, Gilt, Steel and Watch Guards, Fine Plated Chains, Shell Rims, Brushes, Garters, Dress Buttons, Fancy Belts, Steel and Gilt Jewelry, Braids, Laces, Trimmings, &c., all of which they offer to the Trade at the lowest market prices and on the most liberal terms.

jy11'60d1m

SOYER'S SULTANA'S SAUCE.

For Hot and Cold Dishes of all Kinds.

THIS MOST DELICIOUS and appetising Sauce, invented by the renowned "SOYER," for the London Reform Club, is prepared from his receipts, manufactured by the well known house of CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, from whom it can be obtained all over the Continent. With a high and growing reputation among American Epicures, and is unsurpassed in the appetite and aid in digestion.

Opinions of the London Press.

"We recommend our correspondent to try MONS. SOYER'S new Sauce, entitled the 'Sultana's Sauce.' It is made after the Turkish recipe of 'Ali Bavery Effendi,' and it affords considerable relish in cases of SUNAW AND SNAE DIGESTION."—*The Lancet.*

"Savory, Piquant and Spicy, worthy the genius of Soyer."—*Observer.*

"A most valuable adjunct to Fish, Steak and Fowl, and should have a place on every table."—*Globe.*

Sole Agents for the United States.

GARDNER G. HYDE, 58, 60 Fulton st., New York, and BRAY & HARDY, 44 Cornhill, Boston.

For sale by Grocers and Fruit Dealers, everywhere jan12'60d1y

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS

E. R. DURKEE & CO.'S

SELECT SPICES.

Guaranteed not only

ABSOLUTELY AND PERFECTLY PURE,

BUT GROUND FROM FRESH SPICES,

Selected and cleaned by us expressly for the purpose, and then ground and immediately packed in tinfoil, (lined with paper,) to prevent injury by keeping, and are full weight, which the cheap spices are almost invariably short. We warrant them, in point of strength, and richness of flavor.

BEYOND ALL COMPARISON,

as a single trial will abundantly prove.

Manufactured only by

E. R. DURKEE & CO.,

oct18'60d1w1y 181 Pearl Street, New York

From W. H. McDonald's Agency

RICHARDSON'S

IRISH LINENS,

DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &c.

CONSUMERS OF RICHARDSON'S LINENS, and those desirous of obtaining the GENUINE GOODS, should see that the articles they purchase are sealed with the full name of the firm

J. N. RICHARDSON, SONS & OWDEN,

as a Guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods.

This caution is rendered essentially necessary, as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are constantly being manufactured and sold with the name of RICHARDSON, by Irish Houses, who regardless of the injury thus inflicted alike on the American consumer and the manufacturers of the genuine Goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable while purchasers can be imposed on by Goods of a worthless character.

J. BULLOCK & J. P. LOCKE, Agents, 385 Church Street, New York. se8'60d&wly

Liquors and Segars.

L. LYON'S

Pure Ohio Catawba Brandy!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN DULY appointed the only and sole agent for this truly

PURE MEDICINAL BRANDY

for the City of Milwaukee. The Brandy has been thoroughly analyzed by the N. Y. State Assayer, Dr. A. A. Hayes, Chemist, and Prof. Cooman Shepard, Amherst, Mass., Dr. Chilton, New York; Prof. Peaco, of Savannah; Prof. Lamont, J. R. Nichols, of Boston; and Dr. Cox, of Cincinnati; and recommended by them as perfectly pure, and an excellent stimulant in all cases where pure Brandies are indicated.

The manufacturer of this fine Brandy guarantees (*or will refund the money*) that it will cure

CHOLERA INFANTUM,

SUMMER COMPLAINT WITH CHILDREN,

DIARRHŒA,

BOWEL COMPLAINT,

DYSENTERY,

CRAMP,

COLIC,

LANGUOR,

LOW SPIRITS,

GENERAL DEBILITY AND NERVOUSNESS.

Physicians are now prescribing it in the place of Paregoric—not having the *deadening* effect of that medicine upon the brain.

The physicians in each city, town or village in the State are solicited to apply to the undersigned, who will give them a special agency to try it before prescribing.

Does for an infant six weeks old, one teaspoonful, diluted in two tablespoonful of cold water, and given by the teaspoonful every five minutes until relief is effected.

Adults and children in proportion.

The want of pure Medical Brandy has long been felt in this country.

The properties contained in this Brandy are more stringent than French Brandies. This the manufacturers claims are the merits, and challenge the world to disprove these facts.

L. LYON is the only appropriating agent for the United States and Canadas, 90 and 112 Third Street, Cincinnati.

HENRY FESS, 195 East Water St, Milwaukee, Wis.

aug9'60d&m

Badger State Tobacco Works,

NO. 55 EAST WATER ST.,

MILWAUKEE, ... WISCONSIN.

F. F. ADAMS & CO., SUCCESSORS TO Cyrus Adams & Co., manufacturers and wholesale dealers in all kinds of CUT AND PLUG TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c. We are now manufacturing a choice selected

Chewing and Smoking Tobacco,

which we are offering at prices that defy competition

☞ Also, on hand a large stock of imported and Domestic Cigars, of all the favorite brands. Orders will be filled promptly and the goods delivered in any part of the city, free of charge. HUNN & CROSBY.

jy11'61d1y F. F. ADAMS, H. F. AYERS.

Liquors and Segars.

H. W. GEORGE,

No. 31 Wisconsin Street.

may11'60d1y

Wines and Liquors

AT WHOLESALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS IN STORE Direct from Bond

BRANDIES

Of the following familiar marks: Otard, Dupuy & Co.; James Hennessy, Martel, Castillon & Co., Thos. Hine; Marett & Co.; Aloe, Medex Swan and Tulip Gins;

Burnett's London Cordial Gin;

JAMAICA AND ST. CROIX RUM,

Old and choice;

SCOTCH & IRISH WHISKEYS;

Very old and choice

BOURBON & RYE WHISKEYS,

Of superior quality!

The Genuine Heidsieck & Co. Champagne, in basketts;

Grand Vin De Cabinet Heidsieck & Co., in cases;

Moet & Chandon, Vin Imperial; green seal, in cases.

Dealers in the above Goods will be supplied at very low rates.

J. W. LEDYARD, 161 East Water st.

NOTICE! NOTICE!!

J. W. LEDYARD,

GROCER AND WINE DEALER,

161 EAST WATR ST.,

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

HAS ON HAND A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF CHOICE

Groceries and Provisions,

TO WHICH THE ATTENTION OF Milwaukeeans is respectfully invited. Also on hand, the finest stock of Old Brandies, Gins, "Old Pale Sherrys" Ports and Madeira Wines, &c., ever offered in this city, all purchased in bond, and warranted genuine.

Champagnes from the celebrated houses of Heidsieck & Co., Moet & Chandon, and others; Still Wines, of various brands, Scotch Ales and London Porter.

☞ Agent for

J. J. Sand's Celebrated Cream Ales,

in half barrels, kegs and bottles.

Seine Twines, Bag Twines, Wrapping Twines, and three-cord Gilling Twine, No. 9's, 12's and 24's.

☞ All goods warranted, and delivered in any part of the city, without extra charge.

aug2 161 East Water Street.

SUGARS.

DAILY RECEIVING FROM NEW York the best quality of Crushed, Powdered, Granulated and Coffee Sugars. For sale at reduced prices. J. W. LEDYARD, Grocer, 161 East Water St.

RASPBERRY JAM.

50 JARS RASPBERRY JAM FROM Sugar Island, Lake Superior, just received and for sale by J. W. LEDYARD, Grocer and Wine Dealers, 161 East Water st.

Chicago Advertisements.

From S. P. Rounds' Agency.

☞ *ROUNDS & LANGDON, Advertising Agents, 165 Randolph Street, are authorized to receive Advertisements for this and all the Leading Papers of the North-west, and are the ONLY and EXCLUSIVELY authorized Agents in the North-west for a majority of them.* feb28'60d1y.

HAVE THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT of

Stationary Steam Engines & Boilers

Portable Steam Engines,
Sash and Moulding Machines,
Woodworth Planing Machines, with and without matching.
Doane's Patent Re-sawing Machines,
do Mortise and Tenon Machinery,
do Heading Lathe and Jointers,
do Shingle Machines.

Sole Agents for the sale of DEFORS celebrated

Dutch Anker Brand Bolting Cloths.

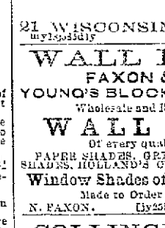
A large stock constantly on hand; also,

HART & MONSON'S PATENT FLOURING AND GRIST MILLS, LEATHER AND LOUISA BELTING, LACING, PACKING, &c., &c.

At the very lowest Cash Prices.

W. H. DOANE, Agent, my15'60d3ly 152 Clark street, Chicago.

ORDERS



filled for

BAGS AND SACKS

of every description

PRINTED WITH

New and Appropriate Brands.

SIMEON FARWELL. dec6'59d1y&wly

WIGS AND TOUPEES.

Ad. Olshwaldt's Wigs and Toupees

AT NO. 100 LAKE STREET, NEAR Dearborn st., Chicago, are superior to any other in all the Western States. They are easy, durable and elegant, not shrinking or the head not turning up behind; the only piece where they are understood, to be made properly. Persons calling at the above place will find here

Wigs or Toupees Made to Order

With the certainty of a perfect fit, by taking the following measures:

For Wigs:

1. The round of the head.
2. From the Forehead to the Neck.
3. From Ear to Ear.
4. From the Crown to Ear.

For Toupees:

1. The round of the head.
2. From Forehead to extent of baldness
3. From Ear to Ear.
4. Across the bald place over the head.

The only PREMIUM AWARDED on WIGS and TOUPEES by the late U. S. FAIR was AWARDED to this House. Address, AD. OLSHWALDT, aug28d&wlm Chicago, Ill., P. O. 2020.

Paper Hangings, &c.

Paper Hangings!

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE OF

Paper Hangings, Decorations,

WINDOW SHADES, FIXTURES!!

TRIMMINGS, &c.,

FOR CASH FOR THE NEXT 60 DAYS,

—AT—

J. J. McGRATH & CO.,

21 WISCONSIN ST., : : MIL.

my13'60d1y

WALL PAPER!

FAXON & VAUX,

YOUNG'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

WALL PAPER

Of every quality and price.

PAPER SHADES, GREEN PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, HOLLAND'S CURTAIN FIXTURES, &c.

Window Shades of Every Description

Made to Order on Short notice.

N. FAXON. [jy23'60d1y] T. VAUX.

TELEGRAPH!

REPORTED BY THE N. Y. ASSOCIATED PRESS FOR THE DAILY SENTINEL.

TERRIBLE BOILER EXPLOSION

Ten Persons Killed and Several Wounded.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 24.

One of the most appalling calamities that ever occurred here, took place at 1 P. M. A boiler in the marble works of W. W. Wallace exploded, killing several men—the number is not yet ascertained—and wounding several. The boiler passed through the building, reducing the back part into a heap of ruins. Striking the front of Robert & Barker's clothing store, on the opposite side of Liberty street, it killed the proprietor, who was standing at the door. His head was nearly taken off. It then passed through the rear wall of the store into Swartz's lager bier hall, which it nearly demolished. A German named Willicher, who was in the saloon, was killed. The boiler landed in the Presbyterian grave-yard, back of the hall, having passed through four walls. The number of men engaged in the works was one hundred.

Ten persons were killed outright, and several dangerously wounded.

Details of the Anglo-Saxon's News.

QUEBEC, Sept. 26.

The steamship Anglo-Saxon, from Liverpool 13th inst., via Londonderry 14th inst., arrived here this morning. Her dates are two days later than those already received.

The steamships Hammonia, New York and Glasgow, arrived at Liverpool on the 14th instant.

GREAT BRITAIN.—The English funds were heavy on Thursday, and the Paris Bourse showed great dullness.

The belief prevails that there will be no general war in Europe, but that some new transaction, like the Villa Franca treaty, will take place during the Autumn.

The *Herald* says that the suspension in Sydney will not affect the London firms.

The English attacking party at Martard, New Zealand, consisted of 347 men. The natives lay down on the ground until the men were close upon them, when they sprang up, fired their double barrelled guns, and met the bayonet charge of their adversaries with the tomahawk, keeping up a hand-to-hand fight. The retreat of the English was so urgent that their dead and a few of the wounded were left on the battle field. It is also reported that the natives took one gun. Great complaints are made against Col. Gould, the commander of the attacking party, for not calling to his aid an additional force, which was said to be in his reach.

The *Times* says that Victor Emanuel finds a formidable competitor in Garibaldi, whose success appears sufficient to overcome any resistance that can be made by the States of the Church, and which brings him into collision with the Austrian power in Venice.

Piedmont must make herself mistress of the revolution, or give up the lead, and follow.

There is reason to believe that the Emperor Napoleon sees things from this point of view, and that no danger need be apprehended from France.

Consols closed on Monday 93 1-8@93 3-8 for account.

The English political news is unimportant.

ITALY.—Austria has decided not to receive the Neapolitans in any Austrian port.

It is asserted that, without awaiting a reply, some 25,000 Sardinian troops entered Lumbria, on the 11th, and on the 12th, 25,000 more.

Sardinian troops attacked and took Pesaro, taking prisoners 1200 Germans, who were in the fortress. Gen. Bella who commanded the Pope's troops, had ordered the sack of the city, and was taking prisoners to Turin.

The German garrison of Oriveto had capitulated to the insurgents.

Gen. Goyon leaves Paris for Rome on the 13th, to take command of the French troops.

Gen. Lamoriciere had concentrated his army at Ancona. Several powers had protested against the entry of the Sardinians into the States of the church as an attack upon their international rights. Russia and Prussia protested in the strongest of terms, but would take no other steps.

Cavour had issued a note explaining the new attitude of Sardinia.

It was asserted that the French army at Rome will be increased to 10,000 men.

A Paris telegram to the London *Post* dated Wednesday night, said the Piedmontese forces are marching rapidly on Lamoriciere's army and an engagement is expected to take place to-morrow. The Emperor has used every exertion to prevent an invasion of the Roman States. The relations of France and Piedmont are critical.

FRANCE.—The Bourse was flat and lower. Rentes 66f. 85c.

It was reported that France had refused to make the slightest concession to Switzerland in the Savoy affair. Switzerland therefore persists more than ever in considering the question one for the decision of Europe.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—Flour dull. Wheat firm at full prices. Corn firm. Provision market generally dull.

LONDON, Friday P. M.—Consols closed for money 93 1-8.

Judge Douglas in Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 27—3 P. M.

Judge Douglas left Columbus yesterday by special train for Cincinnati. The greatest enthusiasm was displayed along the route and points where the train stopped. An addition of 22 cars was made to the train at Xenia, which arrived at Dayton at 12 o'clock. Here Mr. Douglas was welcomed by a tremendous crowd. He proceeded to the Court House, where he made a speech of about 10 minutes. He immediately left for Hamilton—along the the route from Dayton to Hamilton, there were enthusiastic receptions every where. On his arrival at Hamilton a procession was formed which escorted Mr. Douglas to the Court House square, where he spoke to an immense crowd. He spoke for a half hour.

The train arrived here by half past 7. Mr. D. entered a carriage and was escorted to the Burnett House, where thousands had assembled to meet him. The crowd was so great that it was with difficulty he entered the Hotel. After supper he was escorted to the Court House by a tremendous torch-light procession. The streets along the line of march were crowded, and Mr. D. everywhere was greeted with enthusiasm. Processions reached place of speaking about 10 o'clock, and after the noise had somewhat acated, Hon. George E Pugh announced that Mr. Douglas having made twelve speeches within three days, and being without voice, was unable to speak to the immense crowd assembled. Mr. D. however, arose and said:

I would make a speech to all if I had the voice and strength, but I have neither, owing to the causes stated by Senator Pugh, and for this reason you will have to excuse me. I should have been delighted to address you, but I have made two speeches this day already, and it was the understanding when I arrived here, I was not to make any appearance, only there is no place in America where I would have delighted more to address the Democracy than in Cincinnati.—Here, upon the borders of a free and slave soil, where you can realize the causes of the irritation existing between different portions of our country, is the very place where I would like to discuss those questions. But I have no voice that can reach the extent of this vast crowd, nor is there any man's voice that can do it.

I am satisfied from what I have seen in the last three days, that Ohio may be reckoned among the Democratic States. Mr. Douglas' voice was so hoarse that he could be heard only by those nearest him.

Judge Douglas then descended from the platform, re-entered his carriage, and was driven rapidly to the Burnett House. The demonstration was the greatest ever witnessed in Cincinnati.

Judge Douglas leaves by special train this afternoon for Indianapolis, where he will speak to-morrow, and on Saturday will speak at Louisville.

The Prince at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 26—3 P. M.

Baron Renfrew and suite arrived here at half-past five this afternoon. A crowd assembled on the packet at Alton. A crowd of some four thousand people assembled at the depot at the landing, but no demonstration was experienced in passing rapidly from the boat to the carriage, whence his Highness was driven to Barnum's Hotel.

The suite of rooms fitted up for the party include a drawing room in the second story, a private parlor for the Prince in the third, and the Prince's bed room in the fourth story. Nearly all the apartments are newly furnished.

The Prince has expressed himself highly pleased with his tour thus far through the United States. To morrow he visits the Fair, and other places of public interest.

From New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.

A despatch to the *World* says that the Government has ordered 17,000 stand of arms to Fort Moultrie, S. C.

A dead body washed ashore at Long Island the oyster sloop Spray, supposed murdered by Jackslow, the Chinese pirate.

Suffocated

NEW YORK, Sept. 27—3 P. M.

John Castor, distiller, at Hunterdon, N. J., and two sons, were suffocated on Tuesday, while repairing their still.

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE PERSIA.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27—9 P. M.

The steamship Persia, from Liverpool the 15th, via Queenstown 16, has arrived.

The steamship Arabia, from Boston, arrived at Queenstown on the 14th.

Italian affairs remain unchanged.

The French Minister had left Turin.

The King of Naples had gone to Spain.

The advices from Manchester are favorable, but Tuesday advices for Indian goods had been lost.

The harvest in England is making rapid progress, and the weather rather more favorable.

Napoleon has reached Ajaccio.

The French forces at Rome are to be increased by two regiments. Gen. Goyon is reinstated in command.

Paris Bourse quiet at 67f. 80c.

The Bank of France had lost 18,250,000f. —cash during the month.

Naples was quiet. The forts had all surrendered.

Garibaldi had exchanged interviews with the English Admiral and Ambassador.

Sardinian troops had disembarked at Naples by request of Garibaldi; who transferred the Neapolitan fleet to Sardinia.—Gen. Forti had been appointed Commander-in-Chief.

Lamoriciere had concentrated his troops at Ancona.

The French Minister had withdrawn from Turin The business of the Legation will be conducted by the Secretary.

Perugia had been declared in a state of siege and the inhabitants threatened with the direst penalties for the mere fracture of the telegraph wires.

The Sardinian memorandum in defence of the course adopted is published.

The Emperor of Austria gave a grand banquet in honor of the Emperor of Russia's birthday.

LATER VIA. QUEENSTOWN, TURIN, 15.—Italian Generals express regret at the recall of the French Ambassador.

Naples letters state that very earnest popular demonstrations are taking place. Many priests had fraternized with the people.

The enrollment of volunteers was ordered. Sebesco will be pro-dictator, while Garibaldi declared that he would proclaim the annexation of Naples to Piedmont, from the summit of the Inquisnal, where all the Italians will be united in one national banquet. A reactionary movement had transpired with fatal conflicts at Arriono, and Garibaldians were marching there.

ROME, 11.—The tri-color was hoisted at Tiroli, Gereano and Tubrceo, but it is said the people did not support the intended demonstration.

The Constitutional says the recall of the ambassador from Turin, is to express his approval of the course of Sardinia, but is far from a rupture.

Gialdini's order to the soldiers, tells them to attack and disperse the foreign adventurers without mercy. Perugia called aloud for vengeance; although late, she will have it.

TURIN, Sept. 15.—Sardinian Gen. Fanti entered Perugia yesterday, after a hot fight, which was continued through the streets. The enemy withdrew into the fortress, which subsequently surrendered, with 1,000 prisoners, including Gen. Schmidt. The Sardinian loss was insignificant

LONDON, Saturday evening.—Two steamships have arrived with 300,000 pounds of Australian gold.

The Persia passed the America on the 23d. She has 180 passengers.

Consols closed 93 1-8@93 1-4; money 93 1-4@93 account.

New York Republican Nominations.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27—3 P. M.

The Republicans yesterday nominated Amos J. Williamson, editor of the Despatch, in the 3d Congressional District; Wm. Hall, ex-Mayor of Williamsburg, in the 5th; Augustus J. Davis in the 7th; Abraham Wakeman in the 8th. The Breckinridge men in the latter district nominated ex-Sheriff McKetts.

From Peru.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27—3 P. M.

The official dispatches from Peru announce that the Peruvian government had made a proposition to our Minister for the settlement of all existing difficulties between the two governments.

Solasa Alrear, who recently absconded from Havana with a million and a quarter dollars belonging to the Credito Espanol, landed from an open boat recently at Key West.

The Virginia Democracy.

RICHMOND, Sept. 26.

The Executive Committee of both wings of the Democracy, meet here on the 5th of October next. The *Enquirer* hopes that the union of the two wings will be effected by the withdrawal of Mr. Douglas, but fears that this proposition comes too late.

Mr. Yancey addresses the National Democracy on Monday next.

LATEST NEWS!

BY LAST NIGHT'S REPORT

Immense Republican Gathering at Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Sept 27—9 P. M.

The Republican Convention held to-day was the largest assemblage ever convened in Pennsylvania, Hon. A. W. Loomis, presided. Col. Curtin spoke at three stands, and was most enthusiastically cheered.—Senator Wade, of Ohio, and Col. Curtin filled the time in the main, till Tom Corwin arrived, at three o'clock. He created tremendous sensation, and spoke at length at the second stund; Cowan, of Westmoreland, and Amour, of Maryland, spoke at the third stand, and Campbell, of Va., and McMichael, of Philadelphia, at the fourth stand

The procession contained representatives from nearly all the manufacturing establishments and work shops in the two cities. It was an hour and a half passing a given point. Two hundred and fifty Wide-Awakes from Wheeling, Va., are in procession.—Carl Schurz is speaking to-night in Lafayette Hall, to the Germans.

U. S. Mechanics' Fair at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 27—9 P. M.

The attendance at the Fair yesterday, exceeded that of any day this year. The Ampitheatre was filled to overflowing, and the grounds crowded. St. Lous prize, No. 1, six hundred dollars for the best thorough bred bull, of any age, was contested for by eighteen competitors. Awarded bull Duke of Adler; awarded to Geo. Redford, Bourbon County, N. Y. The same animal in the earlier part of the day, was awarded $100, price for best bull over 4 years. Second best bull, $300; awarded to King Alfred, owned by J. B Darrow, Sangamon Co., Ill: Third best, $100. Daniel Boone, owned by J. C. McInney, Boone Co., Mo.

The Prince and a portion of his suite, accompanied by a few citizens, left Barnum's Hotel at half past ten, in seven carriages, for the Fair grounds. The Prince, Mayor Filley, Lord Lyons and the Duke of Newcastle were in the lead, in an open carriage, drawn by four coal black horses.

Wisconsin State Fair.

MADISON, Sept. 27—3 P. M.

The State Fair grounds are crowded with a large attendance. It is estimated that there are between 15,000 and 20,000 persons are on the grounds. The refreshment tents and every tent is thronged, and the display round the race track, on which the ladies' equestrian display is beginning, is very splendid. Military and fire companies are in the centre of the track, and several fair competing riders are cantering round. The firemen competed at 4 o'clock this afternoon on the Fouth Lake banks. The Fair is a perfect success. The shows of stock and grains are excellent, and all are satisfied.

Race against Time.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27—9 P. M.

Flora Temple was beaten in her trial of three miles to-day, against time. She made two trials. On the first trial she made the distance in 7:33 1-2. On the second in consequently she did not beat Dutchman's time, which was 7:32 1-2—Dutchman's time was made under saddle, and Flora was backed to beat it in harness. The following is the time of each mile first trial; 1st mile 2:30 1-4: 2d mile 4:57 1-2; three miles 7:33 3-4. Second trial; one mile 2:32; two miles in 5:05; three miles in 7:43 1-2.

Convention of Western Universalists.

CLEVELAND, Sept 27—9 P. M.

The Western Convention of Universalists is now in session in this city. There is a number of clergymen of that denomination in attendance. The object of the convention is to organize a North-western Conference. A constitution was adopted yesterday, as a basis of organization. The conference include Ohio, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa Minnesota, and Wisconsin.

More Gold from Pike's Peak.

OMAHA, Sept. 27—9 P. M.

Gold dust continues to come in freely. $9,500 was shipped East yesterday by the U. S. Express. The Bankers at Omaha are purchasing an average of about $20,000 per week from returning miners, besides large amounts are received daily by the merchants for goods.

Arrival of the Fillibusters—Shooting of Gen. Walker Confirmed.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 27—9 P. M.

The British steamer Gladiator is coming, with the remnant of the Walker party.—Walker was shot on the 12th. Sudler was still a prisoner.

COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

THURSDAY P. M., September 27, 1860.

Exchange was in very active demand to-day, and the shipments being light, was rather close at the current rate, ¼ ₱ cent premium. On the street it sold freely at ½@¾ ₱ cent, the brokers in some instances paying these rates. Currency continues plenty enough for all business purposes.

NEW YORK MONEY MATTERS.

We have the following by telegraph from New York to-day, in reference to money and stocks:

Money in more demand, and firmer at 6@7 per cent. on call; 7@8% for short first class paper. Exchange quiet and nominally unchanged. Stocks lower and less active, closing firm. C & R 1 78¾; I C bonds 99¾; LnC grants 24; Erie bds 62 67; do 1st's 105¾; do 5th's 97; do 5th 84½; Mo 6's 70¾; N C 95¾; Va 91¾; Tenn 80¾; Pan 125¾; M C 70¾; Read 153¾; C & P 135¾; Harl 22¾; Buds 64; N Y C 91; Pac Mail 94; E 41¾; do assented 38; Harl pfd 53¾. At Second Board.—Stocks better and more active. Chicago and Rock Island 78¾; Del H & W 98¾; C & T 45¾; Ill Cen scrip 87½; M S guaranteed 45¾; M S 28; Reading 49; Harlem pf'd 64¾; Harl 24; O & Pitts 15¾; Hudson 69; Erie 42¾; assented 40; N Y C 91¾; Pac Mail 94; Ill Cen bonds 100; Tenn 6's 90¾.

CHICAGO MONEY MARKET.

The *Press & Tribune* of this morning says:

There was a good demand for Eastern Exchange to-day, and rates were very firm at yesterday's advance. The banks sold at ¼ cent premium; but sales on the street were made at the same figure.

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY P. M., Sept. 27, 1860.

Receipts of flour and grain here for the 24 hours ending 5 P. M. yesterday, exclusive of the deliveries by teams, and the shipments up to 4 P. M. to-day, will be seen by the following tables:

RECEIPTS OF FLOUR AND GRAIN FOR 24 HOURS.

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Oats, bus.	Corn, bus.	Bar'y, bus.	Rye, bus.
*Mil. & Miss. R.R.	274	22,075	....	....	....	....
LaC. & M. R.R.	893	21,187	....	....	871	986
M. W. & U. R.R.	290	10,441	....	....	....	....
By M. & C. R. R	93	9,660	....	....	160	....
By Lake	....	950	....	....	....	....
Total	1,486	73,993	....	....	471	986

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR AND GRAIN FOR 24 HOURS.

	Flour,	Wheat,
To Buffalo	....	24,000
To Oswego	....	55,300
By D. & M. Railway	1,247	....
Total	1,247	67,200

*Trains delayed by an accident.

TOTAL RECEIPTS BY LAKE TO-DAY.

Mdz, tons	62	Salt, bbls	1,300
Apples, bbls	310	Hardware, pkgs	49
Tobacco, bbls	195	Glass, bxs	48
Fish, bbls	20	Stoves, No	38
Stuff, bbls	50	Wagons, No	10
Peaches, bskts	174	Leather, rolls	91
Horses, No	8	Shoes, cases	56
Wheat, bus	959	Broom handles, No..	535

TOTAL SHIPMENTS BY LAKE TO-DAY.

Flour, bbls	1,247	Wheat, bus	57,300
Pork, bbls	88	Hoys, bales	42
Butter, firkins	48	Wool, bales	9
do casks	9	Mdz, tons	4

The receipts of wheat reported to-day (74,093 bus.) are much below the actual amount, owing to the delay occasioned to two trains by an accident on the Mil. & Miss. R. R. yesterday. The difference will be added to to-morrow's report. The market opened without much life to-day at the decline of yesterday afternoon, but on the receipt of the *Parsha's* advices went up 1@2c, with transactions on 'Change amounting to about 40,000 bus. After the second despatches from New York the advance was entirely lost, and in the afternoon shippers were generally disposed to hold off.—Sales in all were inside of 50,000 bus at 91@99c for No. 1 spring in store; 89@90½ for No. 2 do; 93@94c for Club; 95c for Extra Club delivered; and 82c for rejected in store—the market closing at the inside figures for No. 1 and No. 2. Sellers were unwilling to concede to the decline and the transactions in the afternoon were unimportant.

The flour market was very unsettled, and with the exception of a small sale of very choice city Extra at $5, there was nothing done that we could hear of.

Coarse grains quiet. There is a good demand for barley for brewing, and good to Extra samples readily bring 57 to 63c Shelled corn will bring 47@48c. Oats are nominal. Rye worth about 45@49c. Butter scarce and choice roll higher. Hides firm at previous quotations. Spirits unchanged.

Grain freights were firmer, owing to the unfavorable wind for upward bound vessels, and 14c asked for wheat to Buffalo. We did not hear of any engagements.

CHICAGO MARKET, SEPTEMBER 26TH.

The following will show the receipts of flour and grain at Chicago, yesterday, and the sources of supply:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Corn, bus.	Oats, bus.	Rye, bus.	Barley bus.
Canal	6419	14241	10000	....	....	....
G & J U R R.	803	98	453	542	2035	....
G & R I R R.	558	5493	2190	760	....	400
I C R R.	92	13950	4060	750	100	850
C B & Q R R	151	12932	5733	423	403	600
C & N W R R	1053	5625	....	850	....	765
C A & St L	....	3150	1715	....	....	....
Total	2259	95128	27932	13510	1787	4157

In reference to the market the *Press & Tribune* says:

The *Anglo Saxon*, with Liverpool advices to the 14th inst., was telegraphed to-day, reporting wheat firm as still rather heavy in the morning, however, several private dispatches were received by operators here from Messrs. Howard & Morgan, at Montreal, which read as follows: "The *Anglo Saxon* has arrived with, Wheat down 6d, and steady at the decline.—Flour declined 1s." This dispatch fell like a bombshell on the market, and a panic almost immediately took place, in which large quantities of wheat changed hands at 91½@92c for No. 1 Spring in store. As soon, however, as the regular New York dispatches were received a reaction took place, and the market gradually strengthened—closing with heavy transactions at 93c for No. 1 Spring; 91@92c for No. 2 Spring; and sales of 200,000 bus changed hands during the day at 87@88c for Northwestern club in store; 88½@89c for No. 1 Spring; 83¾@85c for No. 2 do; and 75c for Rejected. Owing to the irregularity in the dispatches, as mentioned above, the market was very irregular and unsettled, and several shippers who had orders to buy held off till to-morrow. The flour market was more active but at 5@10c decline. Sales of 1,000 bbls at $5,25@5,50 for medium to choice Spring extras, and $5,75@6,75 for good superfine—the bulk of the sales being at $4,50 for very good extras. Corn was quiet but firm, with sales of about 50,000 bus, including 30,000 bus No. 2 Canal about, 18½@19c in store; and 87½@88c for No. 2. Oats were quiet, with sales of about 12,000 bus, at 21c for Canal about, and 22c in bags afloat. Rye quiet. Barley firm, with a good demand, and sales at 50@70c, according to sample. Highwines dull. Hides in good demand and steady. Timothy Seed firm but less active—transactions being light at $2,15@2,20.

Freights were firm. The engagements were: To Montreal, 4 cents, Kenosha, wheat at 22c; to Buffalo, 12½c for corn; to Oswego, 18c for wheat; and to Port Colborne, wheat to 18c.

ST. LOUIS MARKET, SEPT. 24.

From the *Democrat*:

FLOUR—Market very dull, particularly so for country, and business is small and mostly in a retail way. Sales 1,000 bags city double extra, private, and 90 bgs country spring extra at $2,50.

WHEAT—The largely increased receipts caused a heavy decline, and prices ruled sometching lower. Sales include 257 bags poor and damp spring at 80@85c; 320 bags common spring at 90c; 388 bags prime at 95c, 1,250 bus choice spring and mixed spring and club from 97 to 99c; a round lot of 2,500 bags prime at 95c to 96c; 625 bags spring at 98c; 3,500 bags prime do at 99c; 1,765 bags do at $1,00@1,03; 265 bags good fall at 1,12½@1,16; 300 bags prime at $1,17@1,20, and 254 bgs choice red at $1,25 ₱ bus.

CORN—Receipts and unchanged. Sales of 1,145 bgs in lots, in good and new bags at 60@61c; 99 do at 62c, and 10 do on p t.

BARLEY—Business small at steady rates. Sales of 240 bags spring at 75c; and 212 do, choice do 80c, bgs returned.

OATS—The demand was steady, and the price was nearly sustained. Sales included 200 bags light at 31; 350 fair and lots in proper condition, white belly, spring weight and about six years old. The sales will prove properly, pay six cts, and take her away.—CAPSIAN BUTTLER.

Lying on Section 8, Town 3, of the Town of Milwaukee. sep25k12d3owsw

RAILROAD RECEIPTS—Sept. 27.

BY MIL. & MISS. R. R.—275 bbls flour, 22,075 bus wheat, 8 hides, 180 lbs butter, 9,255 lbs sundries.

BY MIL., WAT. & B. V. R. R.—260 bbls flour, 19,441 bus wheat, 441 lbs butter, 9,025 lbs sundries.

BY LA C. & MIL. R. R.—342 bbls flour, 21,163 bus wheat, 371 bus barley, 236 bus rye, 24 bus grass seed, 68 hides, 88 cattle, 3,489 lbs sundries.

BY MIL. & CHICAGO R. R.—90 bbls flour, 9,160 bus wheat, 100 do barley, 15 bbls grease, 37 do sweet potatoes, 2 bbls sugar, 8 chests tea, 21 sheep pelts, 18 bbls buffalo robes, 1 separator, 45,150 lbs sundries.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 27—7 P. M.

FLOUR—Opened firm with a fair speculative demand and home inquiry, and a very moderate export, with holders realizing an advance of 5@10c per bbl. Afterwards the market became heavy and the advance was nearly all lost. Sales 1,555 bbls at 5,10@5,55 for Superfine State; 5,45@5,60 for Extra State, including 500 bbls very choice at 5,60; 5,15@5,35 for Superfine Western; 5,45@5,75 for Common to mid. Extra Western; 5,75@5,85 for Shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio, Canadian floor firm with moderate business doing; sales 600 bbls at 5,80@5,90 for common to choice extra. Rye flour quiet and steady at 3,80@4,40 for common to mid. super. Corn meal lower; Brandywine 3,85.

WHEAT—Opened quite firm at the advance of 1@2c per bush, but shippers did not respond very freely to the demand of holders. Afterwards the market became dull and the advance was nearly all lost. Sales 1,200 bush red at 1,10 while mixed N O at 1,11; 51,000 bus winter red western at 1,29@1,31, chiefly at 1,30; 27,000 bus Chi Spring at 1,15 for common, and 1,22@1,23½ for No. 1; 20,000 bus Mil Club 1,23@1,25; 27,000 bus White Ohio and Ind at 1,30@1,32; 5,000 bus amber Ind at 1,32; 5,000 bus white Mich at 1,30@1,33 for inferior to prime; 5,000 bus good white Canada at 1,40 and 200 bus red state at 1,25.

RYE—Heavy and dull; sales 2,500 bush at 75c.

BARLEY—Dull and prices tend downward; 1,000 bus State sold at 77c.

CORN—Very scarce and may be quoted a shade firmer; sales 55,000 bus mixed western at 36½ for inferior, 61@61½ for good prime do.

OATS.—Dull at 37@39 for Western, Canadian and state.

WHISKEY—Dull and declining; sales 150 bbls at 22@23½.

PORK—Market very dull and almost nominal. Sales 200 bbls at 19 25@19 87½ for new mess; 19 for old do; 14 for new prime and 14,25 for old do.

BEEF—Dull and unchanged. Sales 220 barrels at 4 @4,25 for country prime; 5 25@5,50 for do mess; 7@ 11,50 for repacked mess. Prime dull and nominal.

CUT MEATS—Dull and heavy at 5½@5¾ for shoulders; 10@10½ for hams.

BACON—Quiet and unchanged.

LARD—Market very dull, with sales of 250 bbls at 12¼@13¾.

BUTTER—Selling at 11¾@13¾ for Ohio; 16@21 for State.

CHEESE—Steady at 9@11½.

COFFEE—Market firm and in moderate demand with fair prices; sales part last evening 6,000 bags Ceylon at 14¾, and 3,500 bags Rio on private terms.

SUGAR—Refined, having re-entered the market, the price of it has become more active; sales 1,500 hhds, including Cuba at 7¾@8¾. Porto Rico, 6¾@7¾; 1,500 boxes Havana (part) at 7¾@7¾.

RICE—Sales 150 tcs at 4¾@5 for cash.

BUFFALO MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

BUFFALO, Sept. 27—9 P. M.

FLOUR—In fair demand and market steady. Sales 500 bbls at 4,87½@5,25 for extra Ill and Wis; 5,37½@5,62½ for extra Ohio, Ind. and Mich.

WHEAT—Opened in advance of 2@3c, but closed dull and 1@2c lower; sales 30,000 bus No. 2 Chicago spring at 1,05; 12,000 bu Mil club at 1,07½@1,08; 16,000 bus red winter at 1,14@1,15.

CORN—Corn advanced ½c in the forenoon, but closed dull. Sales 18,000 bus at 54½@55.

WHISKEY—Nominal at 21½c.

CANAL FREIGHTS—16c on wheat, 15c on corn; 5½ on flour to N. Y.

LAKE IMPORTS—12,000 bbls flour; 124,000 bush wheat, 46,000 bus corn, 12,000 bus barley; 15,000 bus oats.

CANAL EXPORTS—163,200 bus wheat; 68,000 bus corn, 2,659 bbls flour.

OSWEGO MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

OSWEGO, September 27—10 P. M

FLOUR—Steady, with moderate demand for interior and Eastern trade. Sales 3,000 bbls at 5,50 for extra State, and 7,00 for favorite double extras city brands. Wheat—Nothing doing. Corn—Sales 30,000 bus mixed at 51½@52c, with transactions on 'Change amounting to about 40,000 bus. After the second despatches from New York the advance was entirely lost, and in the afternoon shippers were generally disposed to hold off.—Sales in all were inside of 50,000 bus at 91@99c for No. 1 spring in store; 89@90½ for No. 2 do; 93@94c for Club; 95c for Extra Club delivered; and 82c for rejected in store—the market closing at the inside figures for No. 1 and No. 2. Sellers were unwilling to concede to the decline and the transactions in the afternoon were unimportant.

The flour market was very unsettled, and with the exception of a small sale of very choice city Extra at $5, there was nothing done that we could hear of.

Coarse grains quiet. There is a good demand for barley for brewing, and good to Extra samples readily bring 57 to 63c Shelled corn will bring 47@48c. Oats are nominal. Rye worth about 45@49c. Butter scarce and choice roll higher. Hides firm at previous quotations. Spirits unchanged.

Grain freights were firmer, owing to the unfavorable wind for upward bound vessels, and 14c asked for wheat to Buffalo. We did not hear of any engagements.

CHICAGO MARKET, SEPTEMBER 26TH.

The following will show the receipts of flour and grain at Chicago, yesterday, and the sources of supply:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bus.	Corn, bus.	Oats, bus.	Rye, bus.	Barley bus.
Canal	6419	14241	10000	....	....	....
G & J U R R.	803	98	453	542	2035	....
G & R I R R.	558	5493	2190	760	....	400
I C R R.	92	13950	4060	750	100	850
C B & Q R R	151	12932	5733	423	403	600
C & N W R R	1053	5625	....	850	....	765
C A & St L	....	3150	1715	....	....	....
Total	2259	95128	27932	13510	1787	4157

In reference to the market the *Press & Tribune* says:

The *Anglo Saxon*, with Liverpool advices to the 14th inst., was telegraphed to-day, reporting wheat firm as still rather heavy in the morning, however, several private dispatches were received by operators here from Messrs. Howard & Morgan, at Montreal, which read as follows: "The *Anglo Saxon* has arrived with, Wheat down 6d, and steady at the decline.—Flour declined 1s." This dispatch fell like a bombshell on the market, and a panic almost immediately took place, in which large quantities of wheat changed hands at 91½@92c for No. 1 Spring in store. As soon, however, as the regular New York dispatches were received a reaction took place, and the market gradually strengthened—closing with heavy transactions at 93c for No. 1 Spring; 91@92c for No. 2 Spring; and sales of 200,000 bus changed hands during the day at 87@88c for Northwestern club in store; 88½@89c for No. 1 Spring; 83¾@85c for No. 2 do; and 75c for Rejected. Owing to the irregularity in the dispatches, as mentioned above, the market was very irregular and unsettled, and several shippers who had orders to buy held off till to-morrow. The flour market was more active but at 5@10c decline. Sales of 1,000 bbls at $5,25@5,50 for medium to choice Spring extras, and $5,75@6,75 for good superfine—the bulk of the sales being at $4,50 for very good extras. Corn was quiet but firm, with sales of about 50,000 bus, including 30,000 bus No. 2 Canal about, 18½@19c in store; and 87½@88c for No. 2. Oats were quiet, with sales of about 12,000 bus, at 21c for Canal about, and 22c in bags afloat. Rye quiet. Barley firm, with a good demand, and sales at 50@70c, according to sample. Highwines dull. Hides in good demand and steady. Timothy Seed firm but less active—transactions being light at $2,15@2,20.

Freights were firmer. The engagements were: To Montreal, 4 cents, Kenosha, wheat at 22c; to Buffalo, 12½c for corn; to Oswego, 18c for wheat; and to Port Colborne, wheat to 18c.

ST. LOUIS MARKET, SEPT. 24.

From the *Democrat*:

FLOUR—Market very dull, particularly so for country, and business is small and mostly in a retail way. Sales 1,000 bags city double extra, private, and 90 bgs country spring extra at $2,50.

WHEAT—The largely increased receipts caused a heavy decline, and prices ruled sometching lower. Sales include 257 bags poor and damp spring at 80@85c; 320 bags common spring at 90c; 388 bags prime at 95c, 1,250 bus choice spring and mixed spring and club from 97 to 99c; a round lot of 2,500 bags prime at 95c to 96c; 625 bags spring at 98c; 3,500 bags prime do at 99c; 1,765 bags do at $1,00@1,03; 265 bags good fall at 1,12½@1,16; 300 bags prime at $1,17@1,20, and 254 bgs choice red at $1,25 ₱ bus.

CORN—Receipts and unchanged. Sales of 1,145 bgs in lots, in good and new bags at 60@61c; 99 do at 62c, and 10 do on p t.

BARLEY—Business small at steady rates. Sales of 240 bags spring at 75c; and 212 do, choice do 80c, bgs returned.

OATS—The demand was steady, and the price was nearly sustained. Sales included 200 bags light at 31; 350 fair and lots in proper condition, white belly, spring weight and about six years old. The sales will prove properly, pay six cts, and take her away.—CAPSIAN BUTTLER.

Lying on Section 8, Town 3, of the Town of Milwaukee. sep25k12d3owsw

RAILROAD RECEIPTS—Sept. 27.

BY MIL. & MISS. R. R.—275 bbls flour, 22,075 bus wheat, 8 hides, 180 lbs butter, 9,255 lbs sundries.

BY MIL., WAT. & B. V. R. R.—260 bbls, flour, 19,441 bus wheat, 441 lbs butter, 9,025 lbs sundries.

BY LA C. & MIL. R. R.—342 bbls flour, 21,163 bus wheat, 371 bus barley, 236 bus rye, 24 bus grass seed, 68 hides, 88 cattle, 3,489 lbs sundries.

BY MIL. & CHICAGO R. R.—90 bbls flour, 9,160 bus wheat, 100 do barley, 15 bbls grease, 37 do sweet potatoes, 2 bbls sugar, 8 chests tea, 21 sheep pelts, 18 bbls buffalo robes, 1 separator, 45,150 lbs sundries.

NEW YORK MARKET.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 27—7 P. M.

FLOUR—Opened firm with a fair speculative demand and home inquiry, and a very moderate export, with holders realizing an advance of 5@10c per bbl. Afterwards the market became heavy and the advance was nearly all lost. Sales 1,555 bbls at 5,10@5,55 for Superfine State; 5,45@5,60 for Extra State, including 500 bbls very choice at 5,60; 5,15@5,35 for Superfine Western; 5,45@5,75 for Common to mid. Extra Western; 5,75@5,85 for Shipping brands extra round hoop Ohio, Canadian floor firm with moderate business doing; sales 600 bbls at 5,80@5,90 for common to choice extra. Rye flour quiet and steady at 3,80@4,40 for common to mid. super. Corn meal lower; Brandywine 3,85.

WHEAT—Opened quite firm at the advance of 1@2c per bush, but shippers did not respond very freely to the demand of holders. Afterwards the market became dull and the advance was nearly all lost. Sales 1,200 bush red at 1,10 while mixed N O at 1,11; 51,000 bus winter red western at 1,29@1,31, chiefly at 1,30; 27,000 bus Chi Spring at 1,15 for common, and 1,22@1,23½ for No. 1; 20,000 bus Mil Club 1,23@1,25; 27,000 bus White Ohio and Ind at 1,30@1,32; 5,000 bus amber Ind at 1,32; 5,000 bus white Mich at 1,30@1,33 for inferior to prime; 5,000 bus good white Canada at 1,40 and 200 bus red state at 1,25.

RYE—Heavy and dull; sales 2,500 bush at 75c.

BARLEY—Dull and prices tend downward; 1,000 bus State sold at 77c.

CORN—Very scarce and may be quoted a shade firmer; sales 55,000 bus mixed western at 36½ for inferior, 61@61½ for good prime do.

OATS.—Dull at 37@39 for Western, Canadian and state.

WHISKEY—Dull and declining; sales 150 bbls at 22@23½.

PORK—Market very dull and almost nominal. Sales 200 bbls at 19 25@19